

Integrated Performance Report Board Summary Report

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Jubilee National

NHS Golden Jubilee Board meeting 29 July 2021

Performance and Planning Department

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Section A: Introduction

The purpose of the Integrated Performance Report (IPR) is to provide assurance on NHS Golden Jubilee's performance relating to National Standards, local priorities and significant risks.

The IPR comprises four section with each section being considered in detail by the appropriate Standing Committee:

- Section A •
 - Introduction
- Section B:1 **Clinical Governance** • Staff Governance
- Section B:2
- Section B:3 Finance, Performance & Planning •

This Board Summary Report of the IPR is presented to the Board and contains the summaries from each section of the full IPR.

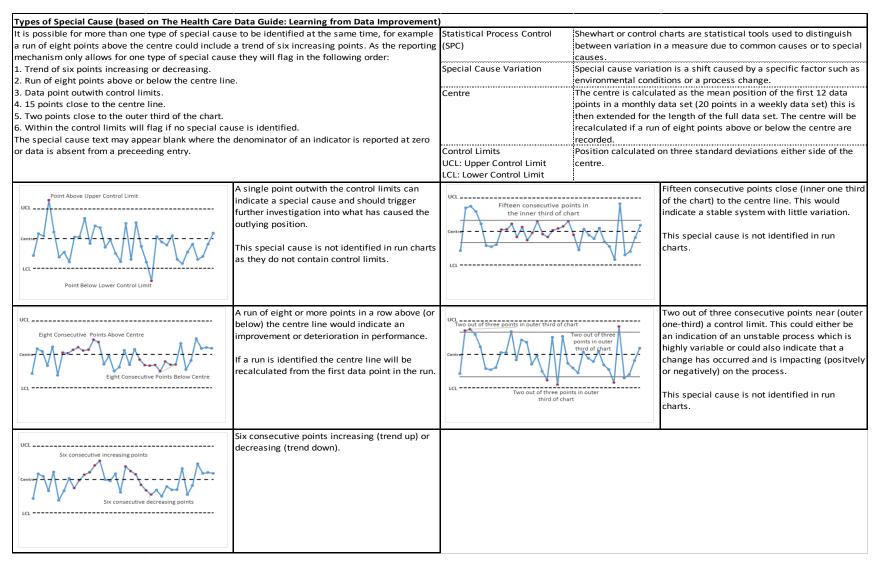
Jann Gardner **Chief Executive** **Colin Neil Director of Finance** **June Rogers Deputy Chief Executive**

Performance Summary Dashboard – Guidance

						Performa	ince Data			Perform	mance Asses	ssment Met	hodology	
(1) Section (Last period)		(Last	(3) Standard	(4) Target for Current Period	(5) Current Period	(6) Current Performance	(7) Previous period	(8) Previous Performance	(9) Direction of Travel	(10) 3 periods worse than target	(11) 3 periods better/ equal to target	(12) 6 periods better/ equal to target	(13) Recent Deteriorat ion	(14) Recent Improvem ent
(1) Section Details the Committee responsible for the particular standard eg Clinical Governance, Staff Governance or Finance, Performance and Planning														
	Section		r/Green rating for the last period available. The rating i								t he the late	est month	due to data	
(2)	RAG (Last point)		Some standards are reported on a quarterly basis. F											
(3)	Standard		of the standard being reported. The standards report					•		100 000000	noy bolow (
(4)	Target for current period		e target for latest period reported	ou are agreed	do part or t									
(5)	Current period		e current period available for reporting. This is depend	ent on data av	ailability. Ir	dicators are u	pdated on	an ongoing ba	sis from a	variety of c	lata source	s.		
(6)	Current performance		the performance for the most current period available.		,			~ ~				••		
			e previously reported period. Some indicators are not		· /			×	od will refle	ect the prev	ious period	in which t	he indicato	was
(7)	Previous period	reported ag		•	,	0	0							
(8)	Previous Performance	Describes	the performance for the last period reported. Indicator	s are generally	either num	neric or percen	ntage based	d.						
			· · ·											
Perform	Performance Assessment Methodology which is intended to highlight both areas of concern and areas of sustained improvement. F iteration there are six sets of criteria against which each indicator is evaluated. Where an indicator meets the set criteria an alert is recorded against that indicator within the dashboard. Icurrent sets of criteria are detailed below.													
		The direction	e direction of travel indicator compares the last two periods of reported performance. Each indicator has been assessed so that an 'up' arrow represents improvement and a 'down' arrow											

(9)	Direction of Travel	The direction of travel indicator compares the last two periods of reported performance. Each indicator has been assessed so that an 'up' arrow represents improvement and a 'down' arrow represents deterioration.
(10)	3 periods worse than target	Each standard is compared against the 'Green' level of performance for that standard for the last three reported periods. If the 'Green' standard has not been achieved in each of the last three periods then the standard will be flagged with a 'cross' and shaded red. This represents continued underperformance against the required standard and may trigger a further drill-down performance report.
(11)		Each standard is compared against the 'Green' level of performance for that standard for the last three reported periods. If the 'Green' standard has been achieved in each of the last 3 periods then the standard will be flagged with a 'tick' and shaded green. This demonstrates a period of continued success in achieving the requisite standard.
(12)		Each standard is compared against the 'Green' level of performance for that standard for the last six reported periods. If the 'Green' standard has been achieved in each of the last six periods then the standard will be flagged with a 'tick' and shaded green. This demonstrates a sustained period of continued success in achieving the requisite level of performance.
(13)		Each standard is compared against the 'Green' level of performance for that standard for the last two reported periods. Where a standard had the met the level required in the previously reported period but had not met the level required in the most recent period then the standard will be flagged with a 'cross' and shaded red. This demonstrates a recent deterioration in performance against a particular standard.
(14)	Recent improvement	Each standard is compared against the 'Green' level of performance for that standard for the last two reported periods. Where a standard had not met the level required in the previously reported period but had met the level required in the most recent period then the standard will be flagged with a 'tick' and shaded green. This demonstrates a recent improvement in performance against a particular standard.

Statistical Process Control – Guidance



Board Performance Dashboard – Part 1

RAG Status	Definition	Direction	Definition
GREEN	Performance meets or exceeds the required Standard (or is on schedule to meet its annual Target)	Û	Performance improved from previous
AMBER	Performance is behind (but within a set level of) the Standard or Delivery Trajectory	Û	Performance worsened from previous
RED	Performance is worse than the Standard or Delivery Trajectory by a set level	\$	Performance unchanged from previous
BLUE	Bed Occupancy is below target		

	<u> </u>					Performance Assessment Methodology									
Section	RAG (Last period)	Standard	Target for Current Period	Current Period	Current Performance	Previous period	Previous Performance	Direction of Travel	3 periods worse than target	3 periods better/ equal to target	6 periods better/ equal to target	Recent Deterioration	Recent Improvement	Type of SPC	SPC (Statistical Process Control)
		Total number of complaints (stage 1 & stage 2)	≤12.7	May-21	6	Apr-21	10	Û		√	✓				Within Control Limits
		Total complaints as percentage of activity (stage 1 & stage 2)	≤0.10%	Jan-21	0.11%	Dec-20	0.11%	Û	×					P Chart	
		Stage 1 complaints responded to within 5 working days	≥75%	May-21	50.0%	Apr-21	33.3%	Û	×						Within Control Limits
		Stage 2 complaints responded to within 20 days	≥75%	Apr-21	25.0%	Mar-21	50.0%	Û	×					P Chart	Within Control Limits
e		MRSA/MSSA bacterium	≤11.2	May-21	28.69	Apr-21	28.41	Û						C Chart	Q4 2020/21 position Within Control Limits
anc		Clostridioides difficile infections (CDI) in ages 15+	≤1.9	May-21	0.00	Apr-21	0.00	⇔						C Chart	Q4 2020/21 position Within Control Limits
er		Gram negative bacteraemia	≤14.1	May-21	0.00	Apr-21	0.00	⇔						C Chart	Q4 2020/21 position Within Control Limits
ò		Surgical Site Infection Rate: CABG	≤8.30%	Feb-20	1.6%	Jan-20	1.6%	Û						P Chart	Within Control Limits
a		Surgical Site Infection Rate: Other Cardiac	≤7.80%	Feb-20	3.3%	Jan-20	2.6%	Û						P Chart	Within Control Limits
Ĭ		Surgical Site Infection Rate: Hip	≤2.00%	Feb-20	0.0%	Jan-20	0.0%	⇔		✓				P Chart	Within Control Limits
Ð		Surgical Site Infection Rate: Knee	≤0.60%	Feb-20	0.0%	Jan-20	0.0%	⇔		✓	✓			P Chart	Within Control Limits
		Hand Hygiene Compliance	≥95.00%	May-21	98.0%	Mar-21	97.0%	Û		✓	✓			Run Chart	
		Mortality	0 - 15	May-21	13	Apr-21	8	Û		✓	✓			C Chart	Within Control Limits
		Significant Adverse Event Reviews	0 - 5.96	May-21	3	Apr-21	2	Û		✓	✓			C Chart	Within Control Limits
		Hotel Complaints	≤2	Mar-20	0	Feb-20	0	⇔		✓	✓			C Chart	Within Control Limits
		Disciplinaries	≤0.50%	May-21	0.00%	Apr-21	0.05%	Û		✓	✓			P Chart	Within Control Limits
		Grievances	≤0.40%	May-21	0.00%	Apr-21	0.0%	Û		✓	✓			P Chart	Within Control Limits
		Bullying and Harrassment	≤0	May-21	2	Apr-21	0	Û				×		P Chart	
nce		SWISS Sickness absence	≤4.00%	May-21	4.5%	Apr-21	4.5%	⇔	×					P Chart	
ma		Sickness absence local figure	≤4.0%	May-21	4.8%	Apr-21	4.9%	Û	×						Within Control Limits
ove		TURAS PDR	≥80%	May-21	66%	Apr-21	67%	Û	×					P Chart	Above Upper Control
5		Turnover	0.00% - 0.95%	May-21	0.73%	Apr-21	0.34%	Û		✓	✓			P Chart	Within Control Limits
Staf		Job Planning All Hospital	≥0%	May-21	42.3%	Apr-21	49.0%	Û						N/A	
•		Medical appraisal with completed interview & form 4	≥0%	May-21	7.3%	Apr-21	66.7%	Û		✓	✓			N/A	
		Hotel Sickness Absence	≤4.0%	May-21	3.2%	Apr-21	4.3%	Û					✓	P Chart	Within Control Limits
		Hotel TURAS PDR	≥80%	May-21	82%	Apr-21	91%	Û		√				P Chart	Above Upper Control

		Performance Assessment Methodology totals								
	3 periods worse than target	3 periods better/ equal to target	6 periods better/ equal to target	Recent Deterioration	Recent Improvement	Special Cause				
Clinical Governance	3	7	6	0	0	1				
Staff Governance	3	5	4	1	1	2				
FPP	17	3	3	3	2	6				
Total	23	15	13	4	3	9				

Board Performance Dashboard – Part 2

RAG Status	Definition	Direction	Definition
GREEN	Performance meets or exceeds the required Standard (or is on schedule to meet its annual Target)	仓	Performance improved from previous
AMBER	Performance is behind (but within a set level of) the Standard or Delivery Trajectory	Û	Performance worsened from previous
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BLUE	Bed Occupancy is below target		

	4				Perform	ance Data					Perfor	mance Assessm	ent Methodolog	y	
Section	RAG (Last period)	Standard	Target for Current Period	Current Period	Current Performance	Previous period	Previous Performance	Direction of Travel	3 periods worse than target	3 periods better/ equal to target	6 periods better/ equal to target	Recent Deterioration	Recent Improvement	Type of SPC	SPC (Statistical Process Control)
		Deliver Board efficiency target	≥0%	Mar-21	-36.8%	Feb-21	-40.2%	仓	×					N/A	
		NHS GJ Recovery plan versus actual	≥-10.0%	May-21	-2.0%	Apr-21	-4.1%	Û		✓	✓			N/A	
		NHS GJ Recovery plan versus actual - Radiology	≥-5.0%	May-21	21.0%	Mar-20	-1.8%	仓		✓	✓			N/A	
		TTG:Number of patients who have breached the TTG.	≤0	May-21	126	Apr-21	163	Û	×					P Chart	Two Outer Third Points
		TTG: Percentage of patients admitted within 12 weeks	≥99.9%	May-21	87.8%	Apr-21	85.2%	Û	×					P Chart	Above Upper Control
		31 Day Cancer	≥95%	Apr-21	100.0%	Mar-21	97.6%	Û		✓	✓			P Chart	Within Control Limits
		Hospital Wide Bed Occupancy	83% - 88%	May-21	77.1%	Apr-21	78.3%	Û	×					P Chart	Above Upper Control
		Number of patients on list waiting over 12 weeks	≤0	May-21	731	Apr-21	763	Û	×					C Chart	
		Number of patients on list waiting over 26 weeks	≤0	May-21	251	Apr-21	185	仓	×					C Chart	
8		Treated within 18 weeks of referral	≥90%	May-21	92.0%	Apr-21	87%	仓					✓	P Chart	Within Control Limits
ji J		Stage of Treatment Guarantee - Inpatient and Day Cases (H&L only)	≥90.0%	May-21	83.0%	Apr-21	81.9%	仓	×					P Chart	Within Control Limits
Plai		Stage of Treatment Guarantee - New Outpatients (H&L only)	≥90.0%	May-21	98.2%	Apr-21	99.0%	Û		✓	✓			P Chart	Eight Consecutive Points Above Centre
P		Orthopaedic DoSA	≥62.5%	May-21	42.9%	Apr-21	41.0%	Û	×					P Chart	Within Control Limits
e a		Thoracic DoSA	≥20.0%	May-21	9.3%	Apr-21	6.3%	Û	×					P Chart	Within Control Limits
anc		Cardiac DoSA	≥2.27%	May-21	4.5%	Apr-21	3.5%	Û						P Chart	Within Control Limits
E		All Specialties Cancellation Rate	≤4.1%	May-21	5.0%	Apr-21	4.6%	Û	×					P Chart	Two Outer Third Points
erfo		Hotel Overall net profit	≥-10.0%	May-21	-12.5%	Apr-21	-7.1%	Û				×		N/A	
e.		Hotel Income target	≥-10.0%	May-21	17.9%	Apr-21	-2.7%	Û						N/A	
an ce		Hotel Room Occupancy	≥67.5%	May-21	10.1%	Apr-21	6.6%	Û	×					Run Chart	
Eni		Hotel Conference Room Utilisation	≥66.2%	May-21	89.7%	Apr-21	85.0%	Û		✓	✓			Run Chart	
		Hotel Conference Delegates	≥-5.0%	May-21	-100.0%	Apr-21	-100.0%	⇔	×					N/A	
		Hotel GJNH Patient Bed Night Usage	≥-5.0%	May-21	9.0%	Apr-21	-8.3%	Û					✓	N/A	
		Hotel Not for Profit Percentage	50% - 60%	May-21	89.2%	Apr-21	97.5%	Û	×					N/A	
		Hotel Review Pro Quality Score	≥86.0%	Mar-21	0.0%	Feb-21	0.0%	⇔						Run Chart	
		GJRI Number of new research projects approved	≥8	Mar-21	3	Dec-20	4	Û	×					C Chart	Within Control Limits
		GJRI Research Institute Income to Date	≥-10.0%	Mar-21	-17.1%	Dec-20	-3.6%	Û				×		N/A	
		GJRI Motion Lab Analysis Income	≥£380360	Mar-21	£72,000	Dec-20	£72,000	⇔	×					N/A	
		GJRI % Occupancy: Clinical Skills Centre	≥75.0%	Mar-21	74.0%	Dec-20	82.0%	Û				×		Run Chart	
		GJRI % Occupancy: Clinical Research Facility	≥80.0%	Mar-21	47.0%	Dec-20	57.0%	Û	×					Run Chart	

At each meeting, the Standing Committees of NHS Golden Jubilee consider targets and standards specific to their area of remit using the Integrated Performance Report (IPR). There is a section of the IPR which provides a summary of performance Standards and targets identified as areas of note which is reproduced below. Topics are grouped under the heading of the Committee responsible for scrutiny of performance.

Section B: 1 Clinical Governance

Clinical Governance		
KPI	RAG	Position:
Total complaints (Stage		In May 2021 there were six complaints reported.
1 and 2) by volume		
Stage 1 complaints		In May 2021 there were two Stage 1 complaints, of
response time		which one was responded to within the five day target
		(50%)
Stage 2 complaints		In April 2021 there were four Stage 2 complaints, one
response time		of which was responded to within 20 days (25%).
Mortality		The mortality figure for May 2021 was reported as
		thirteen. There were eight deaths in April 2021.
Significant adverse		There were three significant adverse event reviews in
events		May 2021.
MRSA/MSSA cases		There was one instance of Staphylococcus aureus
		Bacteraemia (SAB) reported in May 2021.
Clostridiodes Difficile		There were zero Clostridiodes Difficile Infections
		(CDI) reported in May 2021.
Gram Negative		There were zero reported instances of Gram
Bacteraemia		Negative Bacteraemia in May 2021.

Clinical Governance Executive Summary

Of the 4 stage 2 complaints from April, two have progressed to Significant Adverse Event Review. Two were closed and fully upheld just out with the 20 day timeline with an average response time of 23 days. We received 4 stage 2 complaints in May; one of these was withdrawn and two were responded to within the 20 day timeline. One remains open and has breached the 20 days. We had 2 stage 1 complaints in May both relating to waiting times; one was closed day 5 and the other on day 6.

May saw 12 deaths reported – none of the services individually have exceeded local limits. Interventional cardiology did report two elective deaths which are undergoing routine review to consider any potential learning. All deaths are reviewed via local M&M processes and SAER triggered where appropriate.

The new Whistleblowing Standards come into effect from 1 April 2021 and as part of this the Board needs to report quarterly on any concerns raised.

For the month of May 2021 there were zero Whistleblowing reports submitted.

Key Healthcare Associated Infection Headlines

- Staphylococcus aureus Bacteraemia- 1 case to report. Source unknown.
- Clostridioides difficile infection (previously known as Clostridium difficile)- 0 cases to report.
- Gram Negative/E.coli Bacteraemia (ECB)- 0 cases to report.
- **Hand Hygiene** Bi Monthly report from May indicates an overall compliance of 98%.

In all instances of non-compliance, opportunity was not taken. Next report due July 2021

• Cleaning and the Healthcare Environment -Facilities Management Tool Housekeeping Compliance: 97.88% Estates Compliance: 97.99%

Other HAI Related Activity Update

As the epidemiology of COVID 19 continues to change including Variants of Concern (VOC) so does our national and local approach. We continue to collaborate with ARHAI weekly to review, influence and develop the Scottish approach to COVID 19.

In addition to patient activity, the focus of the team in May has included-

- Resumption of Prevention and Control of Infection Annual Reviews (PCIARs)
- Supporting the clinical team in the implementation of Vanguard Endoscopy
- Supporting the clinical team in the implementation of Eye Centre weekend working
- Reprioritisation of PCI Policy review calendar and resumption of policy review
- Contributing to the National Infection Prevention Manpower Strategic Review being led by SG
- Scoping the Antimicrobial Stewardship Strategy for wound management to influence collaborative working with PICT/Tissue Viability to develop standardised protocols for use of topical antimicrobials in wound management care.
- Contributing to the review of local wound management documentation and conducting a test of change regarding antimicrobial dressing and developing a visual aid for the organization.

Section B:2 Staff Governance

Staff Governance	
Disciplinaries	There were zero disciplinary cases raised in May 2021.
Grievances	There were zero grievance cases raised in May 2021.
Dignity of work	Two dignity cases were raised in May 21.
Local Sickness absence	Sickness absence in May 2021 was reported at 4.8%. Absence due to COVID-19 reasons was 0.6% in May 2021 (-1.7%)
Turnover	Turnover in May 2021 was reported as within control limits at 0.7%
Medical appraisal with completed interview and form 4	A new round of appraisals began in May 2021 therefore performance is low at 7% (11/150).
TURAS Appraisal rates	Position for May 2021 reported as position as 66%, a 1% decrease on last month.
Job Planning: All hospital	The May 2021 performance is reported as 42% (47/111).

Staff Governance Executive Summary

Executive Summary May 2021

Within the Staff Governance section of the IPR we report on the following:

- sickness absence rates;
- appraisal rates for those under Agenda for Change and medical pay scales; and
- medical job planning.

From March 2020 and for the foreseeable future we will also summarise absence due to COVID-19.

Sickness absence

In May 2021 the Board's sickness absence rate stood at 4.8%, down 0.1% on the previous month. Across the Directorates absence was as follows:

- Corporate: 3.0%, down 0.5% on the previous month;
- Golden Jubilee Conference Hotel: 3.2%, down 1.1% on April;
- Heart, Lung and Diagnostic Services: 5.6%, up from 5.5% in the previous month; and
- National Elective Services: 5.7%, which was 0.4% higher than April.

"Anxiety/stress/ depression/other psychiatric illnesses" continued to be the highest cause of sickness absence, in May accounting for 29.7% of all sickness absence, quite a bit lower than April's figure of 36.1%. It was the main cause of absence in all four Directorates:

- Corporate: 37.4%;
- Golden Jubilee Conference Hotel: 54.9%;
- Heart, Lung and Diagnostic Services: 30.4%; and
- National Elective Services: 23.3%.

COVID-19

Absences from work due to the Coronavirus are recorded as special leave under one of seven headings:

Coronavirus – COVID-19 positive Coronavirus – household related – self	This will record those who have caring responsibilities and are absent due to these. As it says employees who have tested positive for the virus.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	As it says employees who have tested positive for the virus.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	positive for the virus.
Coronavirus – household related – self	
Coronavirus – household related – self	
	Someone in the household of the staff
isolating	member is displaying symptoms.
Coronavirus – self displaying systems – self	This will record a staff member who is
isolating	displaying symptoms and allow testing of key
	workers to be targeted.
Coronavirus – long COVID	If an employee has tested positive, after the
	self-isolation period they would move onto
	long COVID if they remain unfit to return to
	work. This employee would be expected to
	seek medical advice.
Coronavirus – underlying health conditions	Staff member has underlying health
	conditions putting them in the at risk
	category.
Coronavirus – test and protect isolation	Staff member has been told to isolate
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	following contact by test and protect staff
Coronavirus – quarantine	Staff member is required to isolate following
	their return from a country on the quarantine
	list
Coronavirus – underlying health conditions Coronavirus – test and protect isolation	self-isolation period they would move onto long COVID if they remain unfit to return to work. This employee would be expected to seek medical advice. Staff member has underlying health conditions putting them in the at risk category. Staff member has been told to isolate following contact by test and protect staff Staff member is required to isolate following their return from a country on the quarantine

In May COVID-19 special leave accounted for 0.6% of all contracted hours, down significantly from 2.3% the previous month. The Directorate breakdown was:

- Corporate: 0.4%;
- Golden Jubilee Conference Hotel: 0.1%;
- Heart, Lung and Diagnostic Services: 0.8%; and
- National Elective Services: 0.7%.

This large drop is related to the ending of shielding on 26 April, and was anticipated for May. We will continue to provide a monthly summary of COVID-19 absences until the end of the pandemic.

Agenda for Change appraisal

Within the year to 31 May 2021 66% of staff who come under the Agenda for Change terms and conditions completed their appraisal using TURAS, which is down 1% on the previous month. The Directorate breakdown is as follows:

- Corporate:
- Golden Jubilee Conference Hotel:
- Heart, Lung and Diagnostic Services:
- National Elective Services:

69%, up 1%; 82%, down 9%; 68%, down 5%; and 60%, up 6%.

Medical appraisal

The appraisal year for medical staff runs from 1 April to 31 March. Given that the appraisal year for 2021/2022 has realistically just got under way in the last month the number of appraisals completed is minimal, so we will not report on these until a more meaningful number has been completed.

Medical job planning

As at the end of May 2021 42.3% of medical staff who needed to complete a job plan for 2021/2022 had done so. 41.4% of those in HLDS had a completed and signed off job plan, while in NES the proportion was 43.9%.

Section B:3 Finance, Performance and Resources

Finance, Performance and Resources							
Finance – Manage		As at month two the position reported was as a					
within annual budget		surplus of £0.348m.					
limit							
Finance – Efficiency		Efficiency schemes will be reported at the end of Q1					
		in line with the first formal SG return.					
savings Cancer 31 Day		In April 2021 performance was reported as 100%					
Cancer ST Day		(37/37)					
TTG: Number of		In May 2021 there were 126 patients who exceeded					
patients who have		their twelve week treatment time guarantee. This					
breached the TTG		included 1 cardiac surgery patient,15 coronary					
		patients,59 electrophysiology patients,9 device					
		patients,5 patients on the cardiology inpatient waiting					
		list,2 respiratory patients,26 orthopaedic patients,9					
		ophthalmology patients.					
TTG: Percentage of		The percentage of patients who were admitted within					
patients admitted within		their twelve week treatment time guarantee increased					
12 weeks		by 2.6% from 85.2% in April 2021 to 87.8% in May					
		2021. This reflects a decrease in the number of					
		patients admitted over twelve weeks (-18).					
Stage of Treatment		83.0% of Heart and Lung patients were treated within					
Guarantee – Inpatient		12 weeks in May 2021 (361/435)					
and DC cases (Heart &							
Lung only)							
DOSA rate: Cardiac		There were three DoSA case in May 2021. A new					
Surgery DOSA rate: Thoracic		profile for the year has been agreed.					
		There were seven DoSA cases in May 2021. A new					
Surgery DOSA rate:		profile for the year has been agreed. In May 2021 there were 205 Orthopaedic primary					
Orthopaedics		joint admissions, 93 (43%) of which were on the day					
Orthopaedies		of surgery.					
Theatre Cancellation		In May 2021 the overall hospital cancellation rate was					
Rates		5.0%. There were 93 cancellations with 1847					
		scheduled procedures.					
Hospital Bed		Hospital wide bed occupancy was reported as 77.1%					
Occupancy		in May 2021.					
Hotel KPIs		Hotel target thresholds for 2021/2022 are currently					
		under review following the impact of Covid 19. For					
		some KPIs reported positions will be provided but no					
		assessment made.					
		orporate Dashboard, Waiting list & Productivity table					
	The GJNH nationally reported elective cancellation rate, in April 2021, was reported						
	as 5.4%. This ranked GJNH as fourth out of 15. The Scotland rate was 6.3%.						
Golden Jubilee comparative performance against the national 31 Day Cancer target							
is reported using the Information Services Division (ISD) nationally published							
position. For Quarter 4 2020 GJNH reported 100% of eligible patients treated within							
the target (Joint 1 st) This remains the latest position.							
Health Protection Scotland published figures for Quarter 4 2020 report a GJNH							

Health Protection Scotland published figures for Quarter 4 2020 report a GJNH incidence rate (per 100,000 total occupied bed days) of 26.7 for CDiff incidence and

8.9 for SAB. The Scotland rates were 16.1 and 18.8 respectively. This remains the latest position.

Corporate sickness rates in March 2021 increased to 3.5%. Departments over the 4% threshold were: Catering, eHealth, Clinical Governance, Estates, Research, HR & Infection control.

Referral numbers in May 2021 were stable compared to April 2021 (2314, +177)

The total outpatient waiting list decreased by 284 to 1939.

The total inpatient waiting list month end position increased by 54 from 4096 to 4148.

For current inpatient waiters the number waiting between 12-26 decreased from 577 to 475 (-102)

The number of inpatients waiting over 26 weeks increased from 185 to 251 (+66).

The number of inpatients waiting over 52 weeks increased from 143 to 232 (+89).

These are mostly Cardiology Electrophysiology patients waiting for specialist care involving general anaesthesia.

NHS Golden Jubilee Summary Finance Report As at 31 May 2021 – Month 2



Core Revenue Financial Performance as at 31 May 2021, Month 2

This summary finance report provides an overview of the key points within the financial position as reported at Month 2, for the period ending 31 May 2021.

The report also looks forward to March 2022 financial out-turn and identifies the main financial risks and benefits associated with both core Income and Expenditure, in addition to the financial monitoring in place associated with the approved Remobilisation Plan 3 (RMP3) and any significant movement in performance against the original submission approved by Scottish Government at the 31 March 2021.

Performance against the NHS Golden Jubilee's annual efficiency saving target of £4.044m will also be shown as a separate section within the report, given our current forecast gap against this target of £2m this is likely to remain as a medium to high risk for the Board at this stage.

The Core Revenue position for May 2021 reflects a surplus of £0.348m which is reflective of improved performance mainly within other income streams as a result of funding realignment from the original financial plan.

Discussions have been held with SG Access Support Team confirming funding streams due against Waiting Times allocations via RRL and RMP non-recurring funding. Additional papers were submitted to SG providing supporting detail around the Vanguard Mobile Endoscopy Unit, the weekend opening of the Eye Unit support by Independent sector workforce and the Phase 1 and 2 expansions funding bases and associated acceleration requests via the Boards RRL funding route. Confirmation was received that this detail was sufficient to allow funding release in line with our plans.

In addition, modelling and dialogue has taken place with SG to agree the approach on the early allocation of part of the annual RMP3 funding identified of £11.675m (excl. £2m identified efficiency savings underperformance). This will be described in more detail under the RMP monitoring section of this report.

2021/22 Financial Reporting arrangements

The Scottish Government require a first formal financial return for 2021/22 in the form of the Financial Performance Report (FPR) by 30th July 2021, as at quarter 1 performance. This is to allow NHS Boards additional time to review in detail the expenditure incurred against RMP3 identified funding, particularly for those Territorial Boards who have intricate financial analysis associated with Health and Social Care Partnership returns (HSCP's).

Scottish Government are also considering changing to a quarterly FPR position throughout financial year 2021/22, however discussion is ongoing with Directors of Finance around this and this has not yet formally been approved as the reporting basis moving forward.

Total Income Performance as at 31 May 2021 -

The tables below represent an extract of the summary financial position against Core Income and Expenditure as at month 2, 31 May 2021.

Summary Financial Position - NHS GJ Board 2020-21 - May 2021

Income & Expenditure summary	Year to Date			Current	Original Fin Plan
Core	Budget £ 000	Actual £ 000	Variance £ 000	Annual Budget £ 000	Annual Budget £ 000
RRL Core - RRL Total Core RRL Funding	(15,464) (15,464)	(15,464) (15,464)	0 0	(109,263) (109,263)	(105,734) (105,734)
Income	(10,787)	(11,019)	231	(65,180)	(65,016)
Total Core Funding/Income	(26,251)	(26,483)	231	(174,443)	(170,750)
Core Expenditure					
Staff Supplies Total Core Expenditure	18,627 7,625 26,251	18,970 7,165 26,135	(343) 460 117	106,040 68,403 174,443	102,203 68,547 170,750
Core Surplus/Deficit	0	348	348	0	0

The key areas of Income movement driving the above are;

- Other Income performance above budget of £0.184m, re-alignment on income budget for agreed staff secondments is required from RRL to invoice route and this will be actioned form June'2021 finance report. The balance reflects smaller favourable variances across several lines.
- RRL changes from original financial plan assumptions and any movements from original planning position are shown in appendix 1 attached to this report. The final baseline uplift taking account of the 4 % AfC pay uplift is expected in the quarter 1 RRL allocation.

The key areas of Expenditure movement driving the above are;

- Staff Medical pay adverse position against budget of (£0.238m), subject to completion of deep dive work in progress on funding, costs and budget. Some coverage will be available via RMP funding with detailed work progressing by specialty.
- Nursing pay over budget by £0.068m, albeit at an early stage of the financial year and funding allocation process. Discussions held with Associate Nurse Director on update against RMP nursing workforce to assess movement from master workforce approved as part of original 2020/21 recovery plan in addition the need to re-apply grip and control principles as we overlap between recovery and business as usual activity to provide robust

confirmation that additional expenditure is incurred only were necessary and in line with original plan. It is anticipated this area should revert to break-even at quarter 1.

- Pharmacy Supplies over budget by £0.117m, budget setting meetings and analysis for 2021/22 are in final stages and budget pressures associated with Pharmacy will be reviewed as part of this exercise.
- Surgical Supplies over budget by £0.182m, this is encompassed as part of the detailed review work H, L &D Division have taken forward in collaboration with finance and procurement to review ordering levels, variation and basis for calloff orders going forward.
- Corporate Supplies, Reserves and Savings (CS&R&S) reflect a positive position against budget of £0.589m. As in previous years this is where reserves are centrally held to support developments and pressures throughout the financial year and an element of this will be to offset some of the key pressures highlighted above in addition to any slippage on planned activity performance.
- Work is in progress to complete an additional finance performance report for managers which aligns were possible with performance measures such as activity, sickness and other absence in addition to levels of flexible cover cost by cost centre

Division Performance 2021/22

The following table provides an overview of how the above key variances are driven from a Divisional level to provide a more detailed understanding of what services are driving these issues;

Board Expenditure - 2021/22 as at May

Core Expenditure		Year To date		May-21		Divisio	n Year To	o date Varia	ance
Category	YTD Actuals	YTD Period Budget	Variance (YTD)	Annual Budget		H&L	NES	CORP	Hotel
Staff Costs- Medical Staff Costs-	4,922,911	4,685,251	(237,659)	27,158,765		(268,588)	54,298	(23,369)	0
Nursing Staff Costs-	6,704,295	6,636,455	(67,840)	38,990,042		(150,690)	60,379	22,471	0
Clinical Staff Costs-	2,657,733	2,726,573	68,840	15,899,671		36,048	25,809	6,983	0
Support Staff Costs-	1,454,622	1,493,370	38,748	8,969,603		0	28,723	(30,300)	40,326
Admin	3,230,576	3,085,035	(145,541)	15,022,215		(630)	5,397	(151,111)	803
Total Pay	18,970,137	18,626,685	(343,453)	106,040,296		(383,860)	174,606	(175,326)	41,128
Pharmacy									
supplies Surgical	749,558	632,944	(116,614)	3,650,629		(18,071)	(93,354)	(5,189)	0
Supplies Lab/Radiology	4,312,420	4,130,439	(181,980)	21,150,696		(198,151)	26,703	(10,533)	0
Supplies	277,459	257,014	(20,444)	1,542,086		(16,852)	(1,332)	(2,260)	0
PPE FM	629,852 1,078,968	833,580 1,065,391	203,728 (13,577)	4,823,203 6,147,647		(64,738) (9,752)	19,302 (23,218)	248,024 25,750	1,141 (6,357)
CS&R&S	116,892	705,604	588,712	31,088,382		4,552	(11,354)	566,426	29,088
Total Non-					-				
Pay	7,165,149	7,624,973	459,824	68,402,643		(303,011)	(83,254)	822,217	23,872
Total Core Position	26,135,286	26,251,658	116,372	174,442,940		(686,872)	91,352	646,891	65,000

Remobilisation Plan Monitoring

The 2021/22 Remobilisation Plan (RMP3) and associated planned activity of 78,050 cases across a number of key specialties and service areas incorporates the key investment identified below to support service delivery during the financial year. The Board will monitor financial performance against each of these specific expenditure categories on a routine basis and update Scottish Government accordingly on any forecasts, risks or opportunities;

Resource Category	£'m	Key points
Recovery Workforce	3.565	Relates to PYE funding for workforce, which on a FYE basis equates to £9.3m including access funds
Recovery non-pays	0.805	SLA top slice funding in place
Vaccination Programme	0.100	On basis of remaining first jab for non-patient facing and second jab
Drive Through Testing	0.110	In line with 2020/21 costs
Theatre capacity (Independent Sector)	0.102	April to July 2021 (commenced Feb 2021)
GJCH Income Loss	3.000	Increased due to interim impact and national project support ask
Other Income Loss	0.460	Some improvement modelled but not at pre-Covid levels
Efficiency Savings impact	2.000	In line with 2020/21 initial assessment
Baseline Remobilisation Plan	10.142	

Endoscopy Unit	£'m	Key points			
Endoscopy Unit rental	0.831	Unit rental including scopes			
Endoscopy Unit nurse staffing	1.119	Allows for staffing up to 7 days per week			
Endoscopy Medical staffing	0.565	Provision will require to be a mix of internal resource, WLI's and independent sector			
Endoscopy Unit Internal Costs	0.142	Ehealth, estates and Admin/UCO support			
	0.876				
Total Endoscopy Unit	3.533				
Total RMP Including Savings	13.675				
Total RMP Excluding Savings	11.675				

As referenced under the core revenue summary in page 2, SG have shared an agreed approach on early allocation of some of the above in discussion with key Health Board finance colleagues as part of the national finance performance review group. On the basis of this approach this would result in an initial allocation against the above £11.675m (excl. £2m savings underperformance) of circa £3.9m for NHS GJ and it is expected that confirmation of this approach will be received in the next two weeks.

This is separate to any funding that will be supported via the Access Team and Waiting Times / other profile funding routes as SG are looking to support only the non-recurring costs of COVID-19 and remobilisation through the ongoing Remobilisation Plan returns. The Endoscopy Mobile Unit £3.553m, the weekend Eyes activity - £3.551m, NHS Scotland Academy - £2m (prior to Business case approval) and Independent sector additionality in conjunction with Phase 1 and 2 expansions will all be taken through the WT/other profile funding route in terms of the RRL.

Detailed monitoring of costs against the above will be incorporated from Quarter 1 – June 2021 Month 3 finance report highlighting any emerging issues requiring further review or escalation at this stage re forecast performance to March 2022.

Other Funding Developments

NHS Scotland Academy

With the recent approval of the above business case the funding and cost assumptions around the above will be reviewed and updated to reflect the approved business case. Initial financial plan RRL assumptions identified £2m of revenue funding anticipated to support the above.

The NHS Scotland Academy aims to provide a critical role in ensuring there is a skilled and sustainable workforce for health and care services in Scotland, to support this aim additional revenue support of £2.063m in 2021/22, £2.244m in 2022/23 and £2.480m in 2023/24 has been approved as part of the business case in addition to Capital and revenue equipment and build costs of £2.351m.

The Month 3 RRL will be updated to reflect the above revenue change for 2021/22 and an updated on performance against funding and recruitment will be provided in future months as part of this section of the finance report.

Discussions with the Director of Finance at Scottish Government resulted in agreement to incorporate the business case approved figures within the RMP at quarter 1.

Centre for Sustainability

Funding for the above workforce will be in agreement with Scottish Government for 2021/22 in line with current structure and recruitment to existing vacancies across the five programmes, support staff and management. The current financial plan assumes funding of £6.5m with £6.250m of this associated with workforce costs, however it is recognised that there will be a level of slippage to be agreed and reported on throughout the year subject to recruitment and costs of staff once in post.

This is reported separately within the Boards financial reports and will be transparent in reporting to SG on costs incurred.

Efficiency Savings and Financial Improvement Performance

In accordance with the 2021/22 Annual Operating plan templates the following tables reflect the planned Efficiency Savings position of the Board including the underperformance identified for 2021/22 of £2.0m.

This reflects a continuation of the same challenges noted during 2020/21 in achieving overall financial improvement targets on the back of the covid-19 pandemic and recovery and remobilisation focus.

Recent budget setting analysis indicates that there is a forecast £2.0m underperformance against the overall £4.044m boards target, with £2.044m of cash/budget schemes identified of which £1.194m of these are non-recurring in nature i.e. 58%. The finance team plan to put in place structured financial improvement meetings to identify key projects to take forward and identify leads and service supports to drive these forward;

Cumulative value of efficiency savings as at the end of:	Total Plan £000's	Total Achieved £000's
April	0	0
May	0	0
June	135	
July	187	
Aug	249	
Sept	565	
Oct	975	
Nov	1,125	
Dec	1,376	
Jan	1,554	
Feb	1,783	
Mar	2,044	

	<u>CYE</u>	
	<u>£000's</u>	
Target	4,044	
Identified Recurring Savings	850	
Identified Non-Recurring Savings	1,194	
Total Identified	2,044	
Outstanding Balance	(2,000)	

Non-Core Performance

There are three discrete elements of non-core funding that are included within the finances for the Board, these are

- Depreciation for core capital items this is an annual transfer from core RRL each year with the budget based on a detailed depreciation budget prepared annually in line with our approved capital plan and existing capital items. This reflects a breakeven position at the end of month 2.
- Depreciation for donated capital items this is an annual budget forms part of exchequer funding; this relates to items that have been purchased using donated funds. This reflects a breakeven position at the end of month 2.
- AME Provisions this is part of Annually Managed Expenditure and is managed and funded centrally. The original £40k estimate in 2021/22 will fluctuate throughout the year with the final amount being identified by year end. As this is based on movement in claims and estimates from the CLO this number may change, in addition the Board element of its share of the CNORIS pot is only identified at year-end and is expected to be cost neutral.
- AME Debtor as required by accounting standards this is the corresponding debtor for the AME provisions recognising that the Board will receive income upon settlement of claims
- Impairment this also is part of Annually Managed Expenditure and is managed and funded centrally based upon an annual expected spend on building projects. The original estimate of £100k in 2021/22 is set at the start of the year, however as impairment primarily relates to building projects, this will only change later in the financial year.

Capital Performance

Due to the early position in the financial year the main capital expenditure incurred to date is monies related to the elective centre expansion.

The core capital allocation for the Board remains at £2.691m, the funding associated with the elective centres is circa £32m.

A number of key schemes are being progressed with prioritisation taking place on schemes and equipment requests against the Board capital plan and available funding, this will be reviewed on an ongoing basis at the capital group and a detailed position will be shared in this paper in future months, following confirmed receipt of some additional income streams.

The Board are asked to

- Note the financial position for Month 2, as at 31 May 2021 for the financial year 2021/22; and
- Note the key messages as highlighted below

Key Messages

Total surplus as at Month 2, May 2021 of £0.348m for core revenue and Income financial position.

The NHS Golden Jubilee's May Revenue Resource Limit (RRL) allocation reflects an increase on financial plan of £3.529m which takes into consideration the following;

- Recently agreed Eye Unit weekend activity £3.551m
- Small reduction in rounding basis of baseline uplift (£0.022m)

The early position reflects solid progression in obtaining authorised funds and the outturn remains within our Revenue Resource Limit given the current surplus reported.

Director of Finance NHS Golden Jubilee

RRL – Reconciliation

Appendix 1

RRL Financial Plan - Reconciliation		_		_
		Base		Current
		<u>Fin Plan</u>	<u>Adj</u>	<u>Total</u>
Income				
Base	Baseline recurring	63,302,000		63,302,000
RRL prior year earmarked recurring		63,057	(1,311)	61,746
Uplift of 1.5% to baseline figures	Baseline recurring	949,530	(19,746)	929,784
Infrastructure support	Recurring (Allocated Non-Rec)	1,460,000		1,460,000
National Boards savings	Recurring	200,000		200,00
NWTC top-slice for Boards SLA's	Recurring	20,443,445		20,443,445
SLA top slice uplift	Recurring	306,652		306,652
Waiting Times - recurring marginal transition	Recurring	1,781,000		1,781,000
Ophthalmology Phase 1 Elective expansion	Recurring	1,384,611		1,384,611
remove depreciation to non-core		(8,898,000)		(8,898,000
NDC top slice		(468,283)		(468,283)
Outcomes Framework:				
e-Health - strategic fund		244,298		244,298
Core research allocation	Recurring	329,000		329,000
Additional NRS Nursing funds	Recurring	160,000		160,000
Small Business Research Initiative (SBRI)	Non-recurring	830,000		830,000
Ehealth Leads support	Non-recurring	65,000		65,000
Distinction awards	Non-recurring	72,247		72,247
Additional SG bid againt Waiting Times/ recovery plan:				
Cath Lab 5 expansion capacity pressures	Recurring			C
NHS Improvement in careers programme	Non-recurring	10,000		10,000
Discovery system (top-slice)	Recurring	(3,131)		(3,131
Funding to support implementation of excellence in care		0		(
Funding to support eHealth resource release - excellence in care		0		(
Ophthalmology Phase 1 Elective expansion	Recurring	193,157		193,157
Ortho/Other specialties Phase 2 Elective expansion	Recurring	0		(
Waiting Times - recurring workforce transition	Recurring	3,000,000		3,000,000
Independence Sector Development		0		(
Commissioning		0		(
NHS Scotland Academy		2,000,000		2,000,000
Endoscopy Unit		3,533,000		3,533,000
Recovery Plan	Non-recurring	8,142,000		8,142,000
IV Fluids Programme	Non-recurring	40,500		40,500
MPPP Arise	Non-recurring	10,000		10,000
OU Students	Non-recurring	20,000		20,000
Health Staffing Act	Non-recurring	32,729		32,729
Implementation of EiC	Non-recurring	30,350		30,350
CfSD Weekend eyes	Recurring Non-recurring	6,500,000	3,551,000	6,500,000 3,551,000
Total Core		105,733,161	3 529 9/3	109,263,104
		103,733,101	5,525,545	103,203,104

Director of Finance NHS Golden Jubilee