Item 3.2.1



INTEGRATED PERFORMANCE REPORT

PRODUCED IN APRIL 2025

DATA REPORTED UP TO END OF MARCH 2025

QUALITY, PERFORMANCE, PLANNING AND PROGRAMMES DEPARTMENT

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Section A: Introduction

Overview

The purpose of the Integrated Performance Report (IPR) is to provide assurance on NHS Golden Jubilee's performance relating to National Standards, local priorities and significant risks.

The IPR comprises the following sections:

- Section A Introduction
- Section B:1
 Clinical Governance
- Section B:2
 Staff Governance
- Section B:3
 Finance, Performance & Planning
- Section C Glossary

Performance Summary Dashboard – Guidance

						Performa	nce Data			Perforr	nance Asses	sment Meth	nodology	
	(1) Section	(2) RAG (Last period)	(3) Standard	(4) Target for Current Period	(5) Current Period	(6) Current Performance	Previous	(8) Previous Performance	Direction	(10) 3 periods worse than target	(11) 3 periods better/ equal to target	(12) 6 periods better/ equal to target	(13) Recent Deteriorat ion	(14) Recent Improvem ent
(1)	Section	Dotails th	e Committee responsible for the particular standard eq	Clinical Cover	nanca Sta	ff Coverence	or Einango	Porformance	and Plan	aina				
(1)	Section				,		,			0				
	Red/Amber/Green rating for the last period available. The rating is based on signed off tolerances for each particular standard. The last period may not be the latest month due to data													
(2)	RAG (Last point)	availability	availability. Some standards are reported on a quarterly basis. For Bed Occupancy indicators there is an additional blue rating which denotes occupancy below a certain level.											
(3)	Standard	Descriptio	on of the standard being reported. The standards reported	ed are agreed	as nart of a	n annual revie	w process							

(2)		availability. Some standards are reported on a quartery basis. For Ded Occupancy indicators there is an additional blue rating which denotes occupancy below a certain level.
(3)	Standard	Description of the standard being reported. The standards reported are agreed as part of an annual review process
(4)	Target for current period	Denotes the target for latest period reported
(5)	Current period	Denotes the current period available for reporting. This is dependent on data availability. Indicators are updated on an ongoing basis from a variety of data sources.
(6)	Current performance	Describes the performance for the most current period available. Indicators are generally either numeric or percentage based.
		Denotes the previously reported period. Some indicators are not reported on a monthly basis Eg Job Planning. The previous period will reflect the previous period in which the indicator was
(7)	Previous period	reported against.
(8)	Previous Performance	Describes the performance for the last period reported. Indicators are generally either numeric or percentage based.
Performa	ance Assessment Methodology	Each indicator has been assessed against a defined Performance Assessment Methodology which is intended to highlight both areas of concern and areas of sustained improvement. For this iteration there are six sets of criteria against which each indicator is evaluated. Where an indicator meets the set criteria an alert is recorded against that indicator within the dashboard. The five current sets of criteria are detailed below.
(9)	Direction of Travel	The direction of travel indicator compares the last two periods of reported performance. Each indicator has been assessed so that an 'up' arrow represents improvement and a 'down' arrow represents deterioration.
(10)	3 periods worse than target	Each standard is compared against the 'Green' level of performance for that standard for the last three reported periods. If the 'Green' standard has not been achieved in each of the last three periods then the standard will be flagged with a 'cross' and shaded red. This represents continued underperformance against the required standard and may trigger a further drill-down performance report.
(11)	3 periods better/equal to target	Each standard is compared against the 'Green' level of performance for that standard for the last three reported periods. If the 'Green' standard has been achieved in each of the last 3 periods then the standard will be flagged with a 'tick' and shaded green. This demonstrates a period of continued success in achieving the requisite standard.
(12)		Each standard is compared against the 'Green' level of performance for that standard for the last six reported periods. If the 'Green' standard has been achieved in each of the last six periods then the standard will be flagged with a 'tick' and shaded green. This demonstrates a sustained period of continued success in achieving the requisite level of performance.
(13)	Recent deterioration	Each standard is compared against the 'Green' level of performance for that standard for the last two reported periods. Where a standard had the met the level required in the previously reported period but had not met the level required in the most recent period then the standard will be flagged with a 'cross' and shaded red. This demonstrates a recent deterioration in performance against a particular standard.
(14)	Recent improvement	Each standard is compared against the 'Green' level of performance for that standard for the last two reported periods. Where a standard had not met the level required in the previously reported period but had met the level required in the most recent period then the standard will be flagged with a 'tick' and shaded green. This demonstrates a recent improvement in performance against a particular standard.

Statistical Process Control – Guidance

Types of Special Cause (based on The Health Care	Data Guide: Learning from Data Improvement)		
 It is possible for more than one type of special causes a run of eight points above the centre could include mechanism only allows for one type of special causes. I. Trend of six points increasing or decreasing. Run of eight points above or below the centre line. Data point outwith control limits. I. 5 points close to the centre line. Two points close to the outer third of the chart. Within the control limits will flag if no special cause the special cause text may appear blank where the or data is absent from a preceeding entry. 	e to be identified at the same time, for example a trend of six increasing points. As the reporting e they will flag in the following order: e. use is identified.	Statistical Process Control	I charts are statistical tools used to distinguish in a measure due to common causes or to special ition is a shift caused by a specific factor such as ditions or a process change. lated as the mean position of the first 12 data v data set (20 points in a weekly data set) this is the length of the full data set. The centre will be n of eight points above or below the centre are on three standard deviations either side of the	
Point Above Upper Control Limit UCL Centre Point Below Lower Control Limit UCL Point Below Lower Control Limit UCL Eight Consecutive Points Above Centre Centre Centre Centre LCL Eight Consecutive Points Below Centre LCL	A single point outwith the control limits can indicate a special cause and should trigger further investigation into what has caused the outlying position. This special cause is not identified in run charts as they do not contain control limits. A run of eight or more points in a row above (or below) the centre line would indicate an improvement or deterioration in performance. If a run is identified the centre line will be recalculated from the first data point in the run.	UCL Fifteen consecutive po the inner third of ch LCL UCL Two out of three points in outer third of ch LCL Two out of three points in outer third of ch LCL Two out of three points in outer third of ch	hart	Fifteen consecutive points close (inner one third of the chart) to the centre line. This would indicate a stable system with little variation. This special cause is not identified in run charts. Two out of three consecutive points near (outer one-third) a control limit. This could either be an indication of an unstable process which is highly variable or could also indicate that a change has occurred and is impacting (positvely or negatively) on the process. This special cause is not identified in run charts.
UCLSix consecutive increasing points CentreSix consecutive decreasing points LCL	Six consecutive points increasing (trend up) or decreasing (trend down).			

Board Performance Dashboard

RAG Status	Definition	Direction	Definition
GREEN	Performance meets or exceeds the required Standard (or is on schedule to meet its annual Target)	Û	Performance improved from previous
AMBER	Performance is behind (but within a set level of) the Standard or Delivery Trajectory	Û	Performance worsened from previous
RED	Performance is worse than the Standard or Delivery Trajectory by a set level	¢	Performance unchanged from previous
BLUE	Bed Occupancy is below target		

					Perform	ance Data					Performa	nce Assessme	ent Methodo	logy	
Section	RAG (Last period)	Standard	Target for Current Period	Current Period	Current Performance	Previous period	Previous Performance	Direction of Travel	3 periods worse than target	3 periods better/ equal to target	6 periods better/ equal to target	Recent Deteriorati on	Recent Improveme nt	Type of SPC	SPC (Statistical Process Control)
		Total number of complaints (stage 1 & stage 2)	≤12.7	Feb-25	13	Jan-25	4	Û				×		C Chart	Within Control Limits
		Stage 1 complaints responded to within 5 working days	≥75.0%	Feb-25	66.7%	Dec-24	50.0%	仓					✓	P Chart	Within Control Limits
		Stage 2 complaints responded to within 20 days	≥75.0%	Feb-25	0.0%	Jan-25	25.0%	Û	*			×		P Chart	Within Control Limits
es.		MRSA/MSSA bacterium	≤11.2	Mar-25	15.36	Dec-24	0.00	Û				×		C Chart	Within Control Limits Within Control Limits
ano		Clostridioides difficile infections (CDI) in ages 15+	≤1.9	Mar-25	0.00	Dec-24	0.00	\$		~				C Chart	Within Control Limits
Governan		Gram negative bacteraemia	≤15.5	Mar-25	7.68	Dec-24	0.00	Û		✓		×		C Chart	Within Control Limits Within Control Limits
Nog		Surgical Site Infection Rate: CABG	≤8.3%	Mar-25	0.0%	Feb-25	4.9%	企		✓	✓		✓	P Chart	Within Control Limits
		Surgical Site Infection Rate: Other Cardiac	≤7.8%	Mar-25	2.6%	Feb-25	0.0%	Û		✓	✓	×		P Chart	Within Control Limits
Clinical		Surgical Site Infection Rate: Hip	≤2.0%	Mar-25	0.5%	Feb-25	0.0%	Û		✓	✓	×		P Chart	Within Control Limits
•		Surgical Site Infection Rate: Knee	≤0.6%	Mar-25	0.0%	Feb-25	0.0%	⇔		✓	✓			P Chart	Within Control Limits
		Hand Hygiene Compliance	≥95.0%	Mar-25	99.0%	Feb-25	99.0%	⇔		✓	✓			Run Chart	Within Control Limits
		Mortality	≤15.07	Mar-25	15	Feb-25	8	Û		✓		×		C Chart	Within Control Limits
		Significant Adverse Event Reviews	≤5.96	Mar-25	0	Feb-25	0	⇔		✓	√			C Chart	Within Control Limits
		Disciplinaries as a Percentage of Headcount	≤0.2%	Mar-25	0.0000%	Feb-25	0.0383%	仓		✓	✓		✓	P Chart	Within Control Limits
		Grievances as a Percentage of Headcount	≤0.2%	Mar-25	0.0381%	Feb-25	0.0766%	企		✓	✓		✓	P Chart	Within Control Limits
		Dignity at Work Investigations as a Percentage of Headcount	≤0.1%	Mar-25	0.00%	Feb-25	0.00%	⇔		✓	✓			P Chart	Within Control Limits
8		SWISS Sickness absence	≤4.0%	Feb-25	5.3%	Jan-25	6.2%	企	×				✓	P Chart	Within Control Limits
Jane		Sickness absence local figure	≤5.4%	Mar-25	6.0%	Feb-25	6.5%	企	×				✓	P Chart	Within Control Limits
ver		TURAS PDR	≥80.0%	Mar-25	64%	Feb-25	65%	Û	×			×		P Chart	Within Control Limits
Go		Turnover	≤11.4%	Mar-25	6.40%	Feb-25	7.02%	企		✓	✓		✓	P Chart	Six Consecutive Decreasing Points
Staff		Job Planning All Hospital	≥95.0%	Mar-25	80.1%	Feb-25	41.4%	企					✓	N/A	
s		Job Planning NES: Consultants	≥95.0%	Mar-25	77.4%	Feb-25	42.3%	Û	×				✓	N/A	
		Job Planning NES: SAS Doctors	≥95.0%	Mar-25	75.0%	Feb-25	42.9%	Û					✓	N/A	
		Job Planning HLD: Consultants	≥95.0%	Mar-25	82.5%	Feb-25	40.7%	Û					✓	N/A	
		Medical appraisal with completed interview & form 4	≥95.0%	Mar-25	78.2%	Feb-25	39.3%	企	×				✓	N/A	
		TTG: Number of patients who have breached the TTG	≤0	Mar-25	112	Feb-25	171	仓	×				✓	P Chart	Below Lower Control
		TTG: Percentage of patients admitted within 12 weeks	≥99.9%	Mar-25	83%	Feb-25	90%	Û	×			×		P Chart	Two Outer Third Points
		31 Day Cancer	≥95.0%	Feb-25	100%	Jan-25	95%	Û					✓	P Chart	Within Control Limits
		Number of patients on list waiting over 12 weeks	≤0	Mar-25	2015	Feb-25	2025	Û	×				✓	C Chart	Within Control Limits
8u		Number of patients on list waiting over 26 weeks	≤0	Mar-25	1511	Feb-25	1351	Û	×			×		C Chart	Within Control Limits
Planning	_	Number of patients on list waiting over 52 weeks	≤0	Mar-25	928	Feb-25	772	Û	×			×		C Chart	Within Control Limits
	_	Treated within 18 weeks of referral	≥90.0%	Feb-25	82%	Jan-25	80%	Û	×			-	✓	P Chart	Within Control Limits
and	_	Stage of Treatment Guarantee - Inpatient and Day Cases (H&L only)	≥90.0%	Mar-25	61%	Feb-25	74%	Û	×			×		P Chart	Two Outer Third Points
nce	-	Stage of Treatment Guarantee - New Outpatients (H&L only)	≥90.0%	Mar-25	84%	Feb-25	89%	Û				×		P Chart	Below Lower Control
ma		Hospital Wide Bed Occupancy	83% - 88%	Mar-25	65.5%	Feb-25	64.2%	Û	×				 ✓ 	P Chart	Eight Consecutive Points Below Centre
rfor		Opthalmology procedures per list	≥7.3	Mar-25	7.00	Feb-25	6.70	Û	×				✓	P Chart	Fifteen Central Points
, Pe		Same day Hip Arthroplasty	≥5.0%	Mar-25	5.3%	Feb-25	5.80%	Û	×			×		P Chart	Within Control Limits
nce		Same day Knee Arthroplasty	≥3.0%	Mar-25	1.3%	Feb-25	3.79%	Ū.	×			×	(P Chart	Within Control Limits
Fina		4 Joint Sessions	≥75.0%	Mar-25	61.42%	Feb-25	39.42%	Û	×				✓ ✓	P Chart	Within Control Limits
		Orthopaedic mean length of stay	≤3.8	Mar-25	2.70	Feb-25	3.10	Û	×	1			✓	P Chart	Within Control Limits
	-	Orthopaedic DoSA	≥70.0%	Mar-25	74.00%	Feb-25	71.43%	Û		✓	√		✓ ✓	P Chart	Within Control Limits
	-	Thoracic DoSA	≥35.0%	Mar-25	30.12%	Feb-25	23.38%	Û		✓ (<i>✓</i>		✓ ✓	P Chart	Above Upper Control
	-	Cardiac DoSA	≥20.0%	Mar-25	14.71%	Feb-25	9.09%	Û		√	√		√	P Chart	Within Control Limits
		All Specialties Cancellation Rate	≤4.8%	Mar-25	6.2%	Feb-25	5.9%	Û	×			×		P Chart	Within Control Limits

Clinical Governance		
KPI	RAG	Position:
Total complaints (Stage 1 and 2) by volume		In February 2025 there were 13 complaints reported. Latest position available.
Stage 1 complaints response time		In February 2025, there were six Stage 1 complaints, four were responded to within the five day target (67%). Latest position available.
Stage 2 complaints response time		In February 2025 there were seven Stage 2 complaints, zero were responded to within the twenty day target (0%). Latest position available.
Mortality		The mortality figure for March 2025 was reported as 15.
Significant adverse events		There were no significant adverse event reviews in March 2025.
MRSA/MSSA cases		There were zero instances of Staphylococcus aureus Bacteraemia (SAB) reported in March 2025. At the conclusion of 2024/25, the full year rate was 17.3 per 100,000 bed days.
Clostridiodes Difficile		There were zero Clostridiodes Difficile Infections (CDI) reported in March 2025. In March 2025, the rate per 100,000 bed days stood at 0.0. Latest position available. Similarly, at the conclusion of 2024/25, the full year rate was 3.8 per 100,000 bed days.
Gram Negative Bacteraemia		There was one reported instance of Gram Negative Bacteraemia in March 2025. At the conclusion of 2024/25, the full year rate was 7.6 per 100,000 bed days.
SSI: CABG		There were zero CABG SSIs reported in March 2025.
SSI: Other Cardiac		There was one Other Cardiac SSI reported in March 2025.
SSI: Hip		There was one Hip SSI reported in March 2025.
SSI: Knee		There were zero Knee SSIs reported in March 2025.
Staff Governance		
Disciplinaries		There were no disciplinary cases raised in March 2025.
Grievances		There was one grievance case raised in March 2025.
Dignity of work		There were no dignity cases raised in March 2025.
Local Sickness absence		Sickness absence in March 2025 was reported at 6%. This is within control limits.
Turnover		Rolling 12 Month Staff Turnover reported as within control limits at 7.4% in March 2025.
Medical appraisal with completed interview & form		The appraisal year for medical staff runs from 1 April to 31 March. As at 7 April 2025, 140 doctors out of 181 had completed their 2024/2025 appraisal or had completed an ARCP. This is 56 higher than in February, and reflects that the majority of appraisals are completed in the last four months of the appraisal year. April should see the majority of the remaining appraisals completed.
TURAS Appraisal rates		Position for March 2025 reported as 64%.
Job Planning: All Hospital		The medical job plans for 2024/2025 were closed down early in January, and those for 2025/2026 (live from 1 April 2025) were opened, ready to be agreed. As at 7 Page 7 of 25

		April 2025, of the 141 job plans to be agreed for 2025/2026, 14 were in discussion, 15 were awaiting the doctor's sign off, 1 was awaiting the first manager's sign off, 111 had been signed off.								
Finance & Performance	e									
Lung Cancer 31 Day		In February 2025, nationally reported performance was 100% (24/39). Latest position available.								
TTG: Number of patients who have breached the TTG		In March 2025 there were 112 patients who exceeded their twelve week treatment time guarantee.								
TTG: Percentage of patients admitted within 12 weeks		The percentage of patients admitted within their twelve week treatment time guarantee was reported at 83% during March 2025.								
SoT Guarantee – Inpatient and DC cases (H & L only)		61% of Heart and Lung patients were admitted within 12 weeks in March 2025.								
DOSA rate: Cardiac Surgery		There were five DoSA cases in March 2025 (14.7%).								
DOSA rate: Thoracic Surgery		There were 25 DoSA cases in March 2025 (30.1%).								
DOSA rate: In March 2025 there were 350 Orthopaedic primary join admissions, 259 (74.0%) of which were on the day of surgery.										
Theatre Cancellation Rates		In March 2025, the overall hospital cancellation rate was 6.2% (189/3050) Within Control Limits but above target.								
Hospital Bed Occupancy		Hospital wide bed occupancy was reported as 65.5% in March 2025.								
		Corporate Dashboard, Waiting list & Productivity table ective cancellation rate, in February 2025, was reported as								
		ut of 15. The Scotland rate was 8.1%.								
reported using the Informa	tion S	formance against the national 31 Day Lung Cancer target is ervices Division (ISD) nationally published position. In 00% of eligible patients treated within the target (Ranked 1 out								
Health Protection Scotland published figures for Quarter 3 2024 report a GJNH incidence rate (per 100,000 total occupied bed days) of 0.0 for CDiff incidence, 21.5 for SAB and 7.2 for Ecoli. The Scotland rates were 18.0, 20.2 and 39.9 respectively.										
Corporate sickness rate in March 2025 was 4.7%. Departments over the 4% threshold were: Business Services, Catering, Housekeeping, Human Resources, Procurement and Pharmacy.										
Referral numbers in March 2025 were 4629 (+1062). The total outpatient waiting list increased by 676 from 1678 to 2354 The total inpatient waiting list month end position increased by 153 from 5643 to 5793.										
For current inpatient waiting ist month end position increased by 155 non 5645 to 5795. For current inpatient waiters the number waiting between 12-26 weeks decreased to 504 (- 170). The number of patients waiting 26-52 weeks increased to 583 (+4). The number of patients waiting >52 weeks increased to 928 (+156).										

Section B: 1 Clinical Governance

Executive Summary

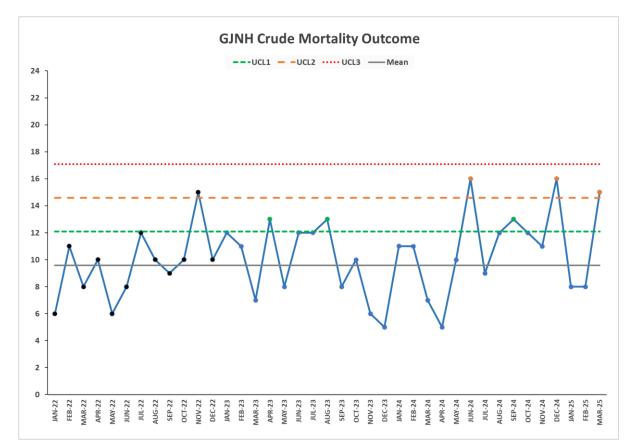
In February 2025 we received six Stage 1 complaints, one of which was subsequently withdrawn. We received seven Stage 2 complaints.

67% of the Stage 1 complaints that were investigated were responded to within guidance timescale of 5 days.

The average time taken to complete and respond to the Stage 1 complaints, was 5 working days.

0% of the Stage 2 complaints that were investigated were responded to within guidance timescale of 20 days. Five Stage 2 complaints remain open and have therefore breached the 20 day timescale.

The average time taken to complete and respond to the Stage 2 complaints, was 26 working days.



Mortality data for March 2025 breached upper control limit 2 (n=15).

* The baseline data has been recalculated from January 2022 in line with reporting of other quality measures.

There were no whistleblowing concerns have been raised during February 2025.

Clinical Governance Performance Dashboard

					Perform	ance Data					Performar	nce Assessme	ent Methodo	logy	
Section	RAG (Last period)	Standard	Target for Current Period	Current Period	Current Performance	Previous period	Previous Performance	Direction of Travel	3 periods worse than target	3 periods better/ equal to target	6 periods better/ equal to target	Recent Deteriorati on	Recent Improveme nt	Type of SPC	SPC (Statistical Process Control)
		Total number of complaints (stage 1 & stage 2)	≤12.7	Feb-25	13	Jan-25	4	₽				×		C Chart	Within Control Limits
		Stage 1 complaints responded to within 5 working days	≥75.0%	Feb-25	66.7%	Dec-24	50.0%	Û					✓	P Chart	Within Control Limits
		Stage 2 complaints responded to within 20 days	≥75.0%	Feb-25	0.0%	Jan-25	25.0%	Û	×			×		P Chart	Within Control Limits
a		MRSA/MSSA bacterium	≤11.2	Mar-25	15.36	Dec-24	0.00	Û				×		C Chart	Within Control Limits Within Control Limits
anc		Clostridioides difficile infections (CDI) in ages 15+	≤1.9	Mar-25	0.00	Dec-24	0.00	€		✓				C Chart	Within Control Limits
ern		Gram negative bacteraemia	≤15.5	Mar-25	7.68	Dec-24	0.00	Û		✓		×		C Chart	Within Control LimitsWithin Control Limits
òg		Surgical Site Infection Rate: CABG	≤8.3%	Mar-25	0.0%	Feb-25	4.9%	Û		✓	✓		✓	P Chart	Within Control Limits
cal		Surgical Site Infection Rate: Other Cardiac	≤7.8%	Mar-25	2.6%	Feb-25	0.0%	Û		✓	✓	×		P Chart	Within Control Limits
ili		Surgical Site Infection Rate: Hip	≤2.0%	Mar-25	0.5%	Feb-25	0.0%	Û		✓	\checkmark	×		P Chart	Within Control Limits
Ŭ		Surgical Site Infection Rate: Knee	≤0.6%	Mar-25	0.0%	Feb-25	0.0%	€		✓	\checkmark			P Chart	Within Control Limits
		Hand Hygiene Compliance	≥95.0%	Mar-25	99.0%	Feb-25	99.0%	¢		~	✓			Run Chart	Within Control Limits
		Mortality	≤15.07	Mar-25	15	Feb-25	8	Û		✓		×		C Chart	Within Control Limits
		Significant Adverse Event Reviews	≤5.96	Mar-25	0	Feb-25	0	\$		~	\checkmark			C Chart	Within Control Limits

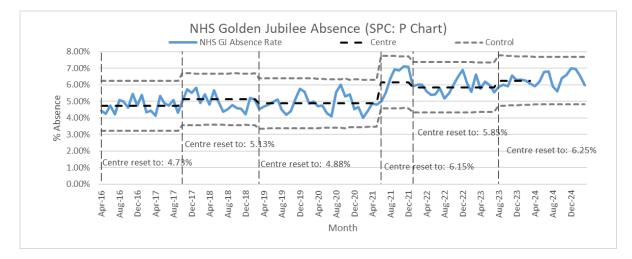
Based on Statistical Process Control (SPC) methodology the following indicators are showing evidence of Special Cause Variation:

• All indicators are currently reporting within control limits

Section B:2 Staff Governance

In March 2025, NHS Golden Jubilee's sickness absence rate was 6.0%, 0.5% lower than the previous month. Across the Directorates, sickness absence was as follows:

- Corporate: 4.7% (-0.6 % on February);
- Golden Jubilee Conference Hotel: 5.3% (-0.3%);
- Heart, Lung and Diagnostic Services: 5.1% (-0.6%); and
- National Elective Services: 8.0% (-0.5%).



The rolling 12-month sickness absence rate for the Board was 6.2%. The 12-month breakdown for the Directorates was:

- Corporate: 4.8%;
- Golden Jubilee Conference Hotel: 4.2%;
- Heart, Lung and Diagnostic Services: 6.3%; and
- National Elective Services: 7.7%.

"Anxiety/stress/ depression/other psychiatric illnesses" was the highest cause of sickness absence in March, accounting for 24.2% of all sickness absence (up 3.3% on February). It accounted for 1.5% of contracted hours. It was the main cause of absence in all four Directorates:

- Corporate: 25.6% of sickness absence, and 1.2% of contracted hours;
- Golden Jubilee Conference Hotel: 56.3% and 3.0%;
- Heart, Lung and Diagnostic Services: 21.8% and 1.1%; and
- National Elective Services: 22.6% and 1.8%.

"Cold, cough, flu - influenza" and "Gastro-intestinal problems" were both the second top cause of sickness absence overall in March, each accounting for 10.8% of sickness absence hours.

Turnover

In March, turnover for NHS Golden Jubilee stood at 0.5%, up 0.2% on February. This was due to 12 people leaving employment in March. The Directorate breakdown was as follows:

- Corporate: 0.4% (+0.1% on February);
- Golden Jubilee Conference Hotel: 1.1% (+1.1%);
- Heart, Lung and Diagnostic Services: 0.5% (+0.4%); and
- National Elective Services: 0.5% (0.1%).

The rolling 12-month turnover rate for the Board reduced by 0.6% to 7.4%. The 12-month breakdown for the Directorates was:

- Corporate: 6.9%;
- Golden Jubilee Conference Hotel: 13.0%;
- Heart, Lung and Diagnostic Services: 6.6%; and
- National Elective Services: 8.1%.

Agenda for Change appraisal

Within the twelve months to 31 March 2025, 64% of staff who come under the Agenda for Change terms and conditions completed their appraisal using TURAS, which is 1% lower than the previous month. The Directorate breakdown is as follows:

- Corporate: 52% (-3% on February);
- Golden Jubilee Conference Hotel: 70% (-1%);
- Heart, Lung and Diagnostic Services: 64% (-2%); and
- National Elective Services: 75% (+2%).

Medical appraisal

The appraisal year for medical staff runs from 1 April to 31 March. As at 7 April 2025, 140 doctors out of 181 had completed their 2024/2025 appraisal or had completed an ARCP. This is 56 higher than in February, and reflects that the majority of appraisals are completed in the last four months of the appraisal year. April and May should see the majority of the 41 remaining appraisals completed.

Medical job planning

The medical job plans for 2024/2025 were closed down early in January, and those for 2025/2026 (live from 1 April 2025) were opened, ready to be agreed. As at 7 April 2025, of the 141 job plans to be agreed for 2025/2026:

- 1 had not started (new starter);
- 14 were in discussion;
- 15 were awaiting the doctor's sign off;
- 1 was awaiting the first manager's sign off; and
- 111 had been signed off.

Staff Governance Performance Dashboard

RAG Status	Definition	Direction	Definition
GREEN	Performance meets or exceeds the required Standard (or is on schedule to meet its annual Target)	Û	Performance improved from previous
AMBER	Performance is behind (but within a set level of) the Standard or Delivery Trajectory	Û	Performance worsened from previous
RED	Performance is worse than the Standard or Delivery Trajectory by a set level	¢	Performance unchanged from previous
BLUE	Bed Occupancy is below target		

					Perform	ance Data					Performanc	e Assessmer	nt Methodol	logy	
Section	RAG (Last period)	Standard	Target for Current Period	Current Period	Current Performance	Previous period	Previous Performance	Direction of Travel	3 periods worse than target	3 periods better/ equal to target	6 periods better/ equal to target	Recent Deteriorat on	Recent Improven ent	Type of SPC	SPC (Statistical Process Control)
		Disciplinaries as a Percentage of Headcount	≤0.2%	Mar-25	0.0000%	Feb-25	0.0383%	Û		✓	\checkmark		✓	P Chart	Within Control Limits
		Grievances as a Percentage of Headcount	≤0.2%	Mar-25	0.0381%	Feb-25	0.0766%	Û		✓	\checkmark		\checkmark	P Chart	Within Control Limits
		Dignity at Work Investigations as a Percentage of Headcount	≤0.1%	Mar-25	0.00%	Feb-25	0.00%	\$		✓	\checkmark			P Chart	Within Control Limits
8		SWISS Sickness absence	≤4.0%	Feb-25	5.3%	Jan-25	6.2%	Û	×				✓	P Chart	Within Control Limits
Jano		Sickness absence local figure	≤5.4%	Mar-25	6.0%	Feb-25	6.5%	Û	×				\checkmark	P Chart	Within Control Limits
/err		TURAS PDR	≥80.0%	Mar-25	64%	Feb-25	65%	Û	×			×		P Chart	Within Control Limits
Go		Turnover	≤11.4%	Mar-25	6.40%	Feb-25	7.02%	Û		\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark	P Chart	Six Consecutive Decreasing Points
taff		Job Planning All Hospital	≥95.0%	Mar-25	80.1%	Feb-25	41.4%	Û					\checkmark	N/A	
s		Job Planning NES: Consultants	≥95.0%	Mar-25	77.4%	Feb-25	42.3%	Û	×				\checkmark	N/A	
		Job Planning NES: SAS Doctors	≥95.0%	Mar-25	75.0%	Feb-25	42.9%	Û					\checkmark	N/A	
		Job Planning HLD: Consultants	≥95.0%	Mar-25	82.5%	Feb-25	40.7%	Û					\checkmark	N/A	
		Medical appraisal with completed interview & form 4	≥95.0%	Mar-25	78.2%	Feb-25	39.3%	Û	×				✓	N/A	

Based on Statistical Process Control (SPC) methodology the following indicators are showing evidence of Special Cause Variation:

• Turnover has reported Six Consecutive Decreasing Points

Finance, Performance and Planning Performance Dashboard

RAG Status	Definition	Direction	Definition
GREEN	Performance meets or exceeds the required Standard (or is on schedule to meet its annual Target)	Û	Performance improved from previous
AMBER	Performance is behind (but within a set level of) the Standard or Delivery Trajectory	Û	Performance worsened from previous
RED	Performance is worse than the Standard or Delivery Trajectory by a set level	ŧ	Performance unchanged from previous
BLUE	Bed Occupancy is below target		

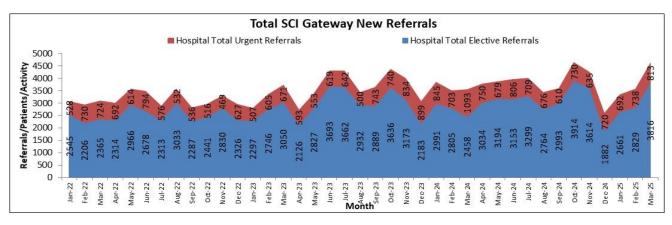
					Perform	ance Data					Performan	ice Assessme	ent Methodo	logy	
Section	RAG (Last period)	Standard	Target for Current Period	Current Period	Current Performance	Previous period	Previous Performance	Direction of Travel	3 periods worse than target	3 periods better/ equal to target	6 periods better/ equal to target	Recent Deteriorati on	Recent Improvem ent	Type of SPC	SPC (Statistical Process Control)
		TTG: Number of patients who have breached the TTG	≤0	Mar-25	112	Feb-25	171	Û	×				✓	P Chart	Below Lower Control
		TTG: Percentage of patients admitted within 12 weeks	≥99.9%	Mar-25	83%	Feb-25	90%	Û	×			×		P Chart	Two Outer Third Points
		31 Day Cancer	≥95.0%	Feb-25	100%	Jan-25	95%	Û					✓	P Chart	Within Control Limits
		Number of patients on list waiting over 12 weeks	≤0	Mar-25	2015	Feb-25	2025	Û	×				✓	C Chart	Within Control Limits
ല്		Number of patients on list waiting over 26 weeks	≤0	Mar-25	1511	Feb-25	1351	Û	×			×		C Chart	Within Control Limits
, E		Number of patients on list waiting over 52 weeks	≤0	Mar-25	928	Feb-25	772	Û	×			×		C Chart	Within Control Limits
Pla		Treated within 18 weeks of referral	≥90.0%	Feb-25	82%	Jan-25	80%	仓	×				✓	P Chart	Within Control Limits
pue		Stage of Treatment Guarantee - Inpatient and Day Cases (H&L only)	≥90.0%	Mar-25	61%	Feb-25	74%	Û	×			×		P Chart	Two Outer Third Points
8		Stage of Treatment Guarantee - New Outpatients (H&L only)	≥90.0%	Mar-25	84%	Feb-25	89%	Û				×		P Chart	Below Lower Control
nan		Hospital Wide Bed Occupancy	83% - 88%	Mar-25	65.5%	Feb-25	64.2%	Û	×				✓	P Chart	Eight Consecutive Points Below Centre
for		Opthalmology procedures per list	≥7.3	Mar-25	7.00	Feb-25	6.70	Ŷ	×				✓	P Chart	Fifteen Central Points
Per		Same day Hip Arthroplasty	≥5.0%	Mar-25	5.3%	Feb-25	5.80%	₽	×			×		P Chart	Within Control Limits
će,		Same day Knee Arthroplasty	≥3.0%	Mar-25	1.3%	Feb-25	3.79%	₽	×			×		P Chart	Within Control Limits
nan		4 Joint Sessions	≥75.0%	Mar-25	61.42%	Feb-25	39.42%	Ŷ	×				✓	P Chart	Within Control Limits
Ξ		Orthopaedic mean length of stay	≤3.8	Mar-25	2.70	Feb-25	3.10	Û	×				✓	P Chart	Within Control Limits
		Orthopaedic DoSA	≥70.0%	Mar-25	74.00%	Feb-25	71.43%	Û		\checkmark	~		✓	P Chart	Within Control Limits
		Thoracic DoSA	≥35.0%	Mar-25	30.12%	Feb-25	23.38%	Û		\checkmark	~		~	P Chart	Above Upper Control
		Cardiac DoSA	≥20.0%	Mar-25	14.71%	Feb-25	9.09%	Û		✓	~		~	P Chart	Within Control Limits
		All Specialties Cancellation Rate	≤4.8%	Mar-25	6.2%	Feb-25	5.9%	Û	×			×		P Chart	Within Control Limits

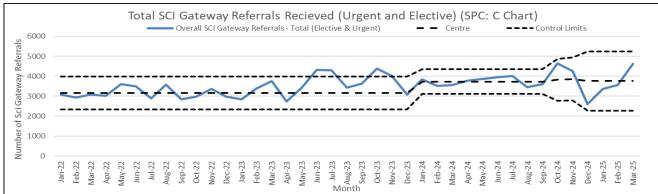
Based on Statistical Process Control (SPC) methodology the following indicators are showing evidence of Special Cause Variation:

- TTG: Number of patients who have breached the TTG reported below lower control limits
- TTG Percentage of patients admitted within 12 weeks reported two outer third points
- SoT Guarantee Inpatient and Day Cases (H&L only) reported two outer third points
- SoT Guarantee New Outpatients (H&L only) reported below lower control limits
- Hospital Wide Bed Occupancy reported eight consecutive points below centre, the centre will be recalculated next month as a result
- Thoracic DoSA reported above upper control limits

WL & Productivity

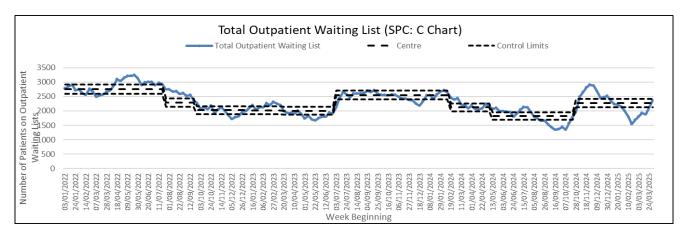
In March 4,629 SCI Gateway referrals were received, an increase of 1062 compared to the February position, reporting within control limits.



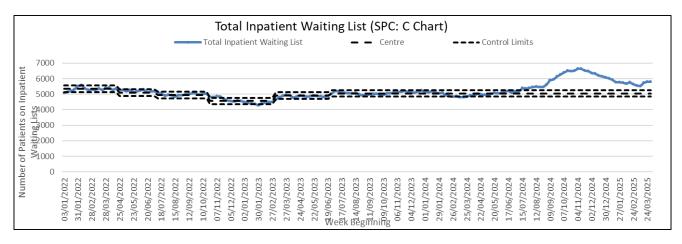


The number of Orthopaedic referrals received in March was 1,101 referrals, an increase of 398 compared to February, reporting above upper control limits. Ophthalmology referrals have reported within control limits with 1,315 received in March; an increase of 966 compared to the February position. There were 103 Cardiac Surgery referrals in March; a decrease of three compared to February position, reporting within control limits. There were 102 Thoracic Surgery referrals in March; an increase of 18 compared to February. Thoracic Surgery has reported within control limits.

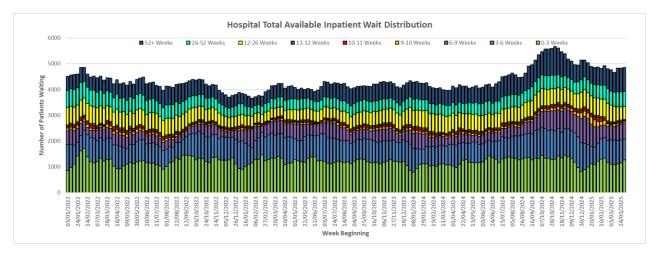
The number of patients on the outpatient waiting list in March was reported as 2,354, an increase of 676 from the February position. 1,510 (64%) of the patients on the outpatient waiting list are Ophthalmology patients.



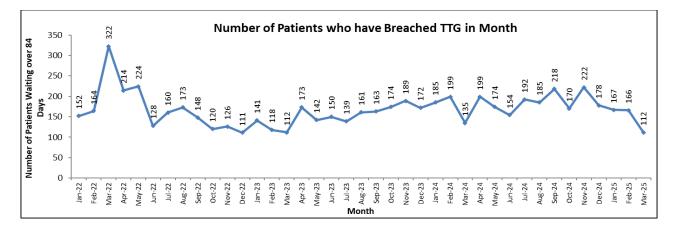
The overall total inpatient waiting list position increased by 153 patients over the month of March to 5,793. The largest increase was reported in the Orthopaedics waiting list, where the waiting list has increased by 193 patients.



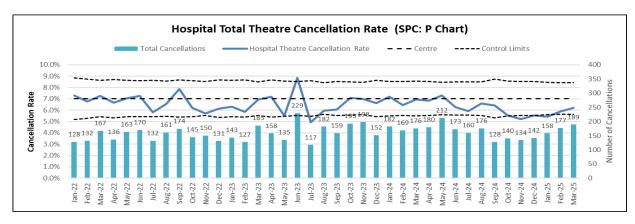
The number of available patients on waiting lists at month end who had waited between 12 and 26 weeks decreased by 170, from 674 to 504 at the end of March. The number of patients waiting between 26 and 52 weeks increased by four patients during March with a month end position of 583. The number of patients waiting over 52 weeks increased by 156 with 928 patients waiting over 52 weeks at end of March.

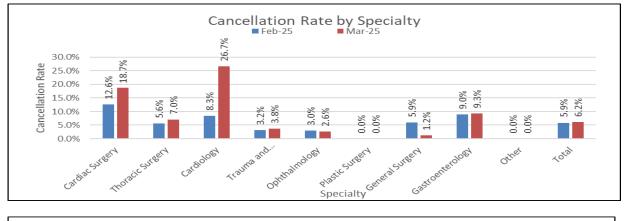


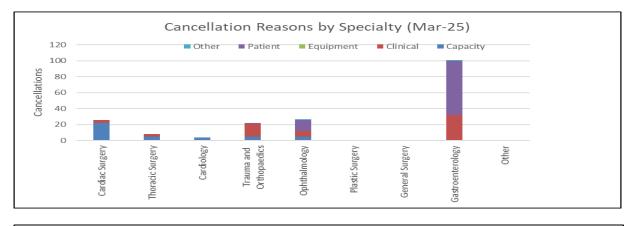
The number of patients who exceeded their 12-week treatment time guarantee in March was reported at 112. This is an decrease of 54 from the February position of 166.

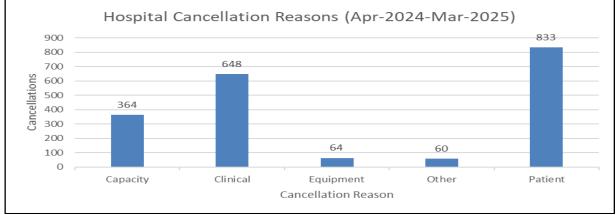


The hospital total cancellation rate for March was reported at 6.2% (189/3050) which is reporting within control limits, this marks eight consecutive points below the lower control – the centre will be recalculated next month as a result. Endoscopy had the largest number of cancellations (101/1081, 9.3%) and Cardiology had the highest cancellation rate (26.7%, 4/15). The most common cause for cancellations were patient reasons with 83 cancellations.









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National Comparators Table

The table below is intended to demonstrate Golden Jubilee National Hospital's relative performance, compared to other organisations in Scotland, for indicators and Standards that are reported nationally on the NHS Discovery website.

The table provides:

- The latest time period available for comparison.
- Golden Jubilee National Hospital performance (local).
- Scotland's performance for all submitting organisations.
- A rank showing Golden Jubilee National Hospital's relative ranking compared to the number of organisations submitting data.
- Golden Jubilee's ranking for the previously reported time period.
- A direction of travel indicator which shows whether Golden Jubilee National Hospital has risen, fallen or remained the same in terms of ranking and a colour indicator is provided to indicate into which quartile Golden Jubilee National Hospital would be categorised.

৫₽⇔	Directon of Travel
	Upper Quartile Performance
	Inter Quartile Range Performance
	Lower Quartile Performance

Standard	Local Target	Period	Local Performance	Scotland Performance	Rank	Previous Period Rank	Rank Direction of Travel
Staphylococcus Aureus Bacteraemia (SAB) incidence rates	≤11.2	Q3 2024	21.5 (Per 100,000 TOBD)	20.2 (Per 100,000 TOBD)	10th (10/15)	15th (15/15)	Û
Clostridiodes (formerly Clostridium) difficile infections (CDI) in ages 15+	≤1.9	Q3 2024	0 (Per 100,000 TOBD)	18 (Per 100,000 TOBD)	1st (1/15)	7th (7/15)	Û
Gram negative bacteremium (Ecoli) incidence rates	≤14.1	Q3 2024	7.2 (Per 100,000 TOBD)	39.9 (Per 100,000 TOBD)	1st (1/15)	5th (5/15)	Û
NHS Discovery Sickness absence	≤ 4%	Dec-24	6.32%	7.07%	6th (6/22)	10th (10/22)	Û
31 Day Cancer: Lung	100%	Feb-25	100.0%	96.2%	1st (1/22)	11th (11/22)	Û
31 Day Cancer: Other	100%	Feb-25	100.0%	93.2%	-	-	-
31 Day Cancer: All	100%	Feb-25	100.0%	93.7%	1st (1/22)	10th (10/22)	Û
Diagnostic Waiting Times: Radiology							
 Number of patients on list waiting over 6 weeks 	0	Dec-24	453	42695	5th (5/15)	5th (5/15)	⇔
• Percentage of patients on list waiting under 6 weeks	100%	Dec-24	47.0%	57.4%	13th (13/15)	12th (12/15)	Û
New Outpatient Appointment: Waiting Times for Waiting Patients							
Number of new outpatients waiting over 12 weeks at month end	0	Dec-24	2087	349653	N/A	N/A	¢
• % of new outpatients waiting under 12 weeks at month end	95%	Dec-24	17%	38%	N/A	N/A	⇔
Discovery Elective Cancellation Rates	By Specialty	Feb-25	5.5%	8.1%	1st (1/15)	1st (1/15)	⇔
NHS Discovery 4 Joint Sessions	-	Feb-25	41%	25.0%	1st (1/13)	1st (1/13)	⇔
Inpatient or Day case Admission: Waiting Times for Patients seen							
Number of admitted patients who waited over 12 weeks	0	Mar-25	808	105328	N/A	N/A	⇔
% of patients admitted within 12 weeks	100%	Mar-25	79%	34%	N/A	N/A	⇔

Since March's IPR the following National Comparator indicators have been updated:

- The cancer waiting time position for lung cancer was reported at 100% (24/24) compliance for February 2025. There were two non-lung cancer cases which were seen within target, 100% (22%).
- The cancellation rate was reported at 5.5% (158/2870) for February 2025.
- 808 admitted patients waited over 12 weeks in March 2025. The percentage of patients admitted within 12 weeks was 79%.

Section C: Glossary

Section	Name	Definition	Source	Dashboard Reporting Period
	Total complaints (Stage 1 & Stage 2)	Total complaints (Stage 1 & Stage 2) measured as a percentage against the volume of patient activity.	Clinical Governance DATIX reporting. Patient activity calculated using Trakcare Report Manager and Finance Activity Report.	Monthly
	Stage 1 complaints responded to within 5 working days	Stage 1 complaints responded to within 5 working days measured as a percentage of the complaints received.	Clinical Governance DATIX reporting.	Monthly
Governance	Stage 2 complaints responded to within 20 days	Stage 2 complaints responded to within 20 days measured as a percentage of the complaints received.	Clinical Governance DATIX reporting.	Monthly
	MRSA/MSSA bacterium	SAB instances per 1000 total occupied bed days.	Infection Control	Monthly
	Clostridioides difficile infections (CDI) in ages 15+	CDI instances per 1000 total occupied bed days.	Infection Control	Monthly
	Mortality	The number of deaths in month.	Clinical Governance	Monthly
	Significant Adverse Event Reviews	The number of level 1 and level 2 significant adverse event reviews in month.	Clinical Governance	Monthly
	Hotel Complaints	The number of complaints received by the hotel in month requiring a detailed response or financial compensation.	Hotel	Monthly

	Disciplinaries		HR Performance and Planning Summary	Monthly
		headcount.		Monany
	Grievances	Upheld grievances measured as a percentage of headcount.	HR Performance and Planning Summary	Monthly
	Bullying and Harassment	Upheld bullying and harassment cases as a percentage of headcount.	HR Performance and Planning Summary	Monthly
	SWISS Sickness absence	National SWISS sickness absence rate.	SWISS Sickness absence report provided to HR	Monthly
	Sickness absence local figure	Local eESS sickness absence hours as a percentage of contracted hours.	HR Performance and Planning Summary	Monthly
1 an ce	Job Planning Surgical Specialties: Consultants	Surgical specialties consultants with a completed job plan as a percentage of surgical specialties consultants.	HR	Quarterly
Staff Governance	Job Planning Surgical Specialties: SAS Doctors	Surgical specialties SAS doctors with a completed job plan as a percentage of surgical specialties SAS doctors.		Quarterly
Sta	Job Planning Regional and National Medicine: Consultants	Regional and National Medicine (RNM) consultants with a completed job plan as a percentage of RNM consultants.	HR	Quarterly
	TURAS PDR	Percentage of staff with a completed TURAS PDR.	HR Performance and Planning Summary	Monthly
	Medical appraisal of relevant doctors with completed appraisal interview & Form 4	Doctors with a completed medical appraisal interview and Form 4 as a percentage of all doctors requiring a medical appraisal at the GJNH.	HR	Quarterly
	Hotel Sickness Absence	Hotel local eESS sickness absence hours as a percentage of contracted hours.	HR Performance and Planning Summary	Monthly
	Hotel TURAS PDR	Percentage of Hotel staff with a completed TURAS PDR.	HR Performance and Planning Summary	Monthly
	NWTC actual activity v target	The variance in the actual complexity adjusted	Finance Activity Report	
	activity	NWTC (Orthopaedics, Ophthalmology, General		Monthly
	· ·	Surgery, Plastic Surgery, Endoscopy) activity		WORTHIN
ing		against planned activity for the year to date.		
u u	NWTC actual activity v target	The percentage variance in the NWTC diagnostic	Finance Activity Report	
Pla	activity for Diagnostic Imaging	images activity against planned activity for the year		Monthly
P		to date.		
ar	TTG:Number of patients who	The number of patients who exceeded 84 days wait	Trakcare Report Manager: TTG patients over 84	
2C	have breached the TTG.	from decision to treat in month. For Heart and Lung	days report	Monthly
nar		and Orthopaedic and Ophthalmology see and treat		WORTHIN
- Lo		patients only.		
erf	TTG: Percentage of patients	The percentage of patients in month who were	Trakcare Report Manager: IPDC and OP waiting list	
Ĕ.	admitted within 12 weeks	admitted within 12 weeks of decision to treat against	with completed waits report	Monthly
DCe		the total number of patients who were admitted in		IVIOI IU IIY
Finance, Performance and Planning		month.	l	
ιĒ	31 Day Cancer	The number of patients admitted for their cancer	Cancer Access Standards MMI report provided by	
		treatment within 31 days from decision to treat as a	Scottish Government	Monthly
		percentage of patients admitted from a cancer		wonuny
		treatment pathway.		

ection	Name	Definition	Source	Dashboar Reporting Period
	Referrals - Total (Elective & Urgent)	The number of SCI Gateway referrals received by specialty split by urgency. SACCS referrals also include National referrals.	Trakcare Report Manager	Monthly
	Radiology Waiting Times: % of patients waiting under 6 weeks	The percentage of patients at month end who had been waiting less than six weeks for a key diagnostic test.	ISD Scotland Website www.isdscotland.org/health-topics/publications DMMI (Diagnostic Monthly Management Information) return	Monthly
	Outpatient Waiting List	Outpatient waiting list position as at the last Thursday in the month.	Trakcare Report Manager	Monthly
	Total Outpatient Waiting List	Combined outpatient waiting list position as at the last Thursday in the month for Cardiac Surgery OP WL, Thoracic Surgery OP WL, Cardiology OP WL, Cardiology Lead Extraction OP WL, TAVI OP WL, Respiratory OP WL, Orthopaedic S&T OP WL and Ophthalmology S&T OP WL.	Trakcare Report Manager	Monthly
	Inpatient Waiting List	Inpatient waiting list position as at the last Thursday in the month.	Trakcare Report Manager	Monthly
	Total Inpatient Waiting List	Combined inpatient waiting list position as at the last Thursday in the month for Cardiac Surgery IP WL, Thoracic Surgery IP WL, Cardiology Coronary IP WL, Cardiology Devices IP WL, Cardiology EP IP WL, Cardiology SACCS IP WL, Cardiology SAHFS IP WL, Cardiology Lead Extraction IP WL, Cardiology IP WL, TAVI IP WL, Ophthalmology S&T IP WL, Orthopaedics S&T IP WL, , Orthopaedics IP WL, Orthopaedics treat only IP	Trakcare Report Manager	Monthly
ĥ	Variance from Activity Target	The percentage variance in the actual complexity adjusted activity against planned activity for the year to date by specialty.	Finance Activity Report	Monthly
luctivi	Total Inpatient/Day Case Activity	The actual complexity adjusted activity in month.	Finance Activity Report	Monthly
Waiting Times and Productivity	Number of patients who have breached TTG	The number of patients who exceeded 84 days wait from decision to treat in month. For Heart and Lung and Orthopaedic and Ophthalmology see and treat patients only.	Trakcare Report Manager	Monthly
Naiting Tim	Percentage of patients admitted within 12 weeks	The percentage of patients in month who were admitted within 12 weeks of decision to treat against the total number of patients who were admitted in month.	Trakcare Report Manager	Monthly
-	Cancellation Rate	The number of cancelled procedures on the OPERA theatre system as a percentage of the total number of scheduled procedures by specialty.	OPERA Report Manager	Monthly
	Number of capacity cancellations.	The number of cancelled procedures on the OPERA theatre system which have been classified as due to a capacity issue. These include cancellations due to staff availability, bed availability, a lack of operating time and cancellations due to emergency or priority activity.	OPERA Report Manager	Monthly
	Number of patient instigated cancellations.	The number of cancelled procedures on the OPERA theatre system which have been classified as instigated by the patient. These include cancellations due to patient attendance and patients no longer wishing surgery.	OPERA Report Manager	Monthly
	Number of clinical cancellations.	The number of cancelled procedures on the OPERA theatre system which have been classified as due to clinical reasons. These include cancellations due to the patient not being fit, prepared, not following pre operative guidance and the procedure not being required.	OPERA Report Manager	Monthly
	Other Cancellations	The number of cancelled procedures on the OPERA theatre system which have not been classified as due to capacity, patient or clinical reasons. These include cancellations due to equipment availability, admin errors and	OPERA Report Manager	Monthly
	DoSA Rate	See Cardiac DoSA, Thoracic DoSA and Orthopaedic DoSA entries in the Finance, Performance and Planning Section of the Glossary.	Trakcare Report Manager	Monthly

Section	Name	Definition	Source	Dashboard Reporting Period
	Acute Elective Ward Bed Occupancy	The number of occupied beds as a percentage of total available beds by ward or area. Occupancy measured as a midnight census and excludes patients on pass.	Trakcare Report Manager: Bed statistics by ward report	Monthly
Bu	Stage of Treatment Guarantee - Inpatient and Day Cases (Heart and Lung only)	Percentage of Heart and Lung patients admitted within 12 weeks of decision to treat.	Trakcare Report Manager: IPDC and OP waiting list with completed waits report	Monthly
nd Planni	Stage of Treatment Guarantee - New Outpatients (Heart and Lung only)	Percentage of Heart and Lung patients who receive a new outpatient appointment within 12 weeks of referral.	Trakcare Report Manager: IPDC and OP waiting list with completed waits report	Monthly
Performance and Planning	Orthopaedic DoSA	Number of Orthopaedic primary joint patients who were admitted on the day of their procedure measured as a percentage of total primary joint patients. Cancellations are excluded	Trakcare Report Manager: TCI with associated retrospective OPERA dates report	Monthly
Finance, Perfo	Thoracic DoSA	Number of Thoracic Surgery patients who were admitted on the day of their procedure measured as a percentage of total Thoracic Surgery patients. Cancellations are excluded.	Trakcare Report Manager: TCI with associated retrospective OPERA dates report	Monthly
Ē	Cardiac DoSA	Number of Cardiac Surgery patients who were admitted on the day of their major procedure measured as a percentage of total Cardiac Surgery patients having a major procedure. Cancellations are excluded.	Trakcare Report Manager: TCI with associated retrospective OPERA dates report	Monthly
	Cancellation Rate by Specialty	The number of cancelled procedures on the OPERA theatre system as a percentage of the total number of scheduled procedures by specialty.	OPERA Report Manager: Theatre activity data report	Monthly

	···	Health Protection Scotland Website	Quarter
	occupied bed days.	www.hps.scot.nhs.uk	
	5 1	Health Protection Scotland Website	
Clostridium) difficile infections (CDI) in ages 15+		www.hps.scot.nhs.uk	Quarter
SWISS Sickness absence	National SWISS sickness absence rate.	SWISS Sickness absence report provided to HR	Month
2	The number of patients admitted for their cancer treatment within 31 days from decision to treat as a percentage of patients admitted from a cancer treatment pathway.	ISD Scotland Website www.isdscotland.org/health-topics/publications	Month
radiology waiting list waiting over 6 weeks.	DMMI (diagnostic monthly management information) return. The number of patients at month end who had been waiting over 6 weeks for a key diagnostic test.	ISD Scotland Website www.isdscotland.org/health-topics/publications DMMI (Diagnostic Monthly Management Information) return	Month
radiology list waiting under	The percentage of patients at month end who had been waiting less than six weeks for a key diagnostic test.	ISD Scotland Website www.isdscotland.org/health-topics/publications DMMI (Diagnostic Monthly Management Information) return	Month
	ISD figures for the number of patients who waited over 12 weeks for their procedure.	ISD Scotland Website www.isdscotland.org/health-topics/publications	Quarte
12 weeks	ISD figures for the number of patients admitted within 12 weeks as a percentage of total new outpatient appointments.	ISD Scotland Website www.isdscotland.org/health-topics/publications	Quarte
who waited over 12 weeks	ISD figures for the number of patients who waited over 12 weeks to receive a new outpatients appointment.	ISD Scotland Website www.isdscotland.org/health-topics/publications	Quarter
with 12 weeks	ISD figures for the number of new outpatients seen within 12 weeks as a percentage of total new outpatient appointments.	ISD Scotland Website www.isdscotland.org/health-topics/publications	Quarte
Rates	ISD figures for the number of elective procedures recorded on the theatre system which are cancelled as a percentage of total elective theatre activity.	ISD Scotland Website www.isdscotland.org/health-topics/publications	Month
Sessions	NHS Discovery figures for the percentage of orthopaedic the atre lists which contain a joint procedure which are populated with four joint procedures.	NHS Discovery	Month

ection	Name	Definition	Source	Dashboard Reporting Period				
ы	Sickness Absence	Local eESS sickness absence hours as a percentage of contracted hours.	HR Monthly Sickness Absence Report from eESS	Monthly				
Corporate Report	TURAS Appraisal	Percentage of staff who have up to date TURAS appraisal as a percentage of departmental headcount.	HR TURAS Statistics	Monthly				
Corpo	Mandatory Training	Percentage of staff who have up to date mandatory training as a percentage of departmental headcount.	L&OD Monthly Training Statistics via SharePoint	Monthly				
_	SPC: Statistical Process Control	SPC is a chart methodology for tracking improvements and changes in performance. It allows for any variations within the data over time to be identified as within expected ranges or if there has been a special cause which influenced an unexpected variation. This includes the addition of a centre line and upper and lower control limits.						
ntrol	Centre Line	low er control limits. The mean (or median depending on chart type) of a data set based on the first 20 data points for weekly data and 12						
SSS C		for monthly data. The centre is frozen to allow for any increases or decreases to be identified. The centre line can be reset if special cause variation is identified.						
Proc	Control Limits	An upper and lower control limit are set depending on the standard deviation from the centre line. The calculation of the control limits is dependant on the data type (whole number, percentage).						
Statistical Process Control	Special Cause Variation	There are a number of indicators for special cause variation these include: - a single data point out with the control limits - a run of eight or more points above or below the centre line - six consecutive points increasing (upward trend) or decreasing (downward trend) - two or three consecutive points near a (outer one third) a control limit. - fifteen consecutive points close (inner one third of the chart) to the centre line. When special cause variation is identified it should be investigated and the centre line recalculated if appropriate.						

		Abbreviations Glossary
	AfC	Agenda for Change
	AHFT	Advance Heart Failure and Transplant
	ANP	Advanced Nurse Practitioner
	AOBD	Acute Occupied Bed Days
	CDI	Clostridioides difficile infections
	CEO	Chief Executive Officer
	CME	Continuing Medical Assessment
	DBD	Donation after Brain Death
	DCD	Donation after Circulatory Death
	DoF	Director of Finance
	DoSA	Day of Surgery Admission
	EP	Electrophysiology
	ERAS	Enhanced Recovery After Surgery
	GJCH	Golden Jubilee Conference Hotel
	GJF	Golden Jubilee Foundation
	GJNH	Golden Jubilee National Hospital
	GJRI	Golden Jubilee Research Institute
s	H&L	Heart & Lung (Cardiac Surgery, Thoracic Surgery, Cardiology, Respiratory Medicine)
ion	LCL	Lower Control Limit
Abbreviations	LoS	Length of Stay
bre	MRSA	Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus
Ab	MSSA	Methicillin-susceptible Staphylococcus aureus
	NHSBT	NHS Blood and Transplant
	NORS	National Organ Retrieval Service
	NSD	National Services Division
	PDR	Personal Development Review
	PoD	Post-operative Day
	RATS	Robotic Assisted Thoracic Surgery
	SAB	Staphylococcus aureus Bacteraemia
	SACCS	Scottish Adult Congenital Cardiac Service
	SAS	Specialty and Associate Specialist
	SNOD	Specialist Nurse in Organ Donation
	SPC	Statistical Process Control
	SRTP	Scottish Radiology Transformation Programme
	TOBD	Total Occupied Bed Days
	ΠG	Treatment Time Guarantee
	UCL	Upper Control Limit
	VATS	Video Assisted Thoracic Surgery
	WoS	West of Scotland